THE MORNING STAR

Gives the Largest Quantity

And Variety of Reading Matter,

Of Any Daily Newspaper

n North Carolina.

Entered at the Postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., as Second-class Mail Matter.

SUN	MON	TUE	WED	THU	FRI	SAT
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
8	9	10	11	12	13	14
15	16	17	18	19	20	21
22	23	24	25	26	27	28
29	30					

Port Almanac—September 17.

Sun Rises	5 44 A M
Sun Sets	6.05 P M
Day's Length	12 h 21 m
High Water at Southport	6 11 A M
High Water at Wilmington	7.58 A M

The Weather.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE, WEATHER BUREAU, WILMINGTON, N. C., Sept. 17.

Meteorological data for yesterday:

Temperature: 8 a. m., 67°; 8 p. m., 69°; maximum, 77°; minimum, 58°; mean 68°.

Rainfall for the day .0; rainfall for the month up to date, 4.46

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

For North Carolina: Fair except local thunder storms in western portions; southerly winds; slightly warmer in eastern portion.

For South Carolina: Slightly warmer; southerly winds.

OUTLINES

The Sovereign Grand Lodge I. O. o. F. is in session at Atlantic City, N. J. —— Severe frosts Saturday and Sunday nights did great damage to growing crops in New York and Pennsylvania. —— The Chinese Government having refused to carry out the sentences imposed upon the ringleaders in the attacks upon the Christian missions, two gunboats have been ordered to ascend the river to demand the enforcements of the penalties imposed. —— The Treasury gold reserve stood at the close of business yesterday at $95,848,542. —— The fast mail on the Southern Railroad ran into a wagon twelve miles from Lynchburg, Va., and killed five out of the six occupants. —— Many offers to supply the Treasury with gold have been received. —— President Young, of the National Base Ball League, and President Byrne, of the Brooklyn Club, have issued the rules and regulations to govern the contest for the "Temple Cup." The evidence against Durrant, on trial at San Francisco for the murder of Blanche Lamont, was the most damaging yet introduced. —— It is reported that filibusters are assembling on Florida keys to meet a vessel that will take them to Cuba. —— The "Diamond Meet" of the Charlotte Cycle Club came off yesterday. —— New York markets: Money on call firmer at 2@2½ per cent., last loan at 2 and closing offered at 2 per cent.; middling gulf 8¾ cents; middling 8⅜ cents; Southern flour dull and weak—common to fair extra $3.00@3.70; good to choice $3.80@3.00; wheat firmer, and more active—No. 2 red in store and at elevator 61⅜c; afloat 61⅜@62c; corn—more active and lower—No. 2 at elevator 37½c; afloat 38½c; spirits turpentine dull but steady at 27½@28c; rosin quiet and steady; strained common to good $1 45@1 50.

The scrub girl up North who has fallen heir to $50,000, will no longer be looked upon as a scrub.

Some Chicago men propose to see Eiffel tower and raise it some, by building a 1,100-foot steel tower in one of the public parks, at an estimated cost of $600,000.

It is estimated that there are 500,000 windmills in operation in this country. But this estimate was made before the Republicans opened their campaign in Ohio.

A New York man thinks that with twenty story buildings and a four story fire department the town is not properly equipped in case of fire, rather short on the reach.

The present membership of the G. A. R. is 367,639. It gained last year 43,040 members and lost by suspension, death and other causes 56,956. The deaths numbered 7,368.

The town of Carthage, Mo., has the "rocks." There are four quarries there which do an aggregate business of $400,000 a year. They ship 1,600 car-loads of stone.

The stock of diamonds has been increased by about ten tons within the past twenty-five years and yet the price hasn't been so reduced that the average editor can indulge in any larger than a hazel nut.

Three years ago, W. S. Scratten, the owner of the Independence mine in Cripple Creek, Col., footed it for thirty miles along a railroad because he couldn't buy a ticket. He can afford to ride now with his income of $1,200,000 a year.

The opinion is entertained by many that another issue of bonds to replenish the gold reserve will be a necessity. Of course it will. If they persist in paying out gold they must have the gold to pay, and borrowing is the only way they can get it.

THE MORNING STAR

VOL. LVI.—NO. 148. WILMINGTON, N. C., TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 17, 1895. WHOLE NO. 8,855

THE MORNING STAR, THE OLDEST DAILY NEWSPAPER IN NORTH CAROLINA.

The Only Six-Dollar Daily of its Class in the State.

A remarkable feat in surgery is reported from the city of Newark, N. J. Two years ago a young woman had her scalp torn completely off by a winding machine. She was sent to a hospital where a doctor undertook to furnish her with a new scalp and a suit of hair. He labored patiently, and she waited patiently. The doctor has the satisfaction of succeeding and she has the satisfaction of wearing her own scalp and her own hair. This doctor is now considered the champion skin-grafter and hair-grower.

The British Government has distributed the $75,000 smart money which it yanked out of Nicaragua among those who were decided to be entitled to it. Vice Consul Hatch got the largest slice, $20,000. With a start like this he might now run a hatchery, or something else, although he might not find it as profitable as the being expelled business.

The tramp who sneaked into the dining room of Dr. Pyle, of Wilmington, Delaware, and pocketed a pile of his silver spoons, didn't properly size up the housekeeper, who jumped on him and shook him until she shook the last spoon out of his clothes. Then he shook the dust of that locality from his brogans and got.

Thirty-six soldiers who were making a forced march in Colorado to test the virtue of coffee tablets, compressed soup, etc., pegged out. The rations were too thin and not "filling" enough. The day hasn't come yet when the soldier can carry a week's rations in his trousers' pocket.

The town of South Fletcher, Ill., had a remarkable addition to its population the other day by the arrival of a new baby. The remarkable thing about it is that the mother of the infant isn't very far removed from babyhood herself, being only 11 years old. The baby's father is 21.

Two New York policemen who wanted to secure evidence against an alleged disorderly house, played the role of clubmen. It came very natural to them.

The change of base by Senator Roger Q. Mills on the coinage question is in keeping with Roger. He always was a Q-rious sort of a fellow.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

C. E. GORDON.—Look.
SCHOOL for Young Ladies.
MASONIC—Meeting Wil. Lodge.
W. E. WORTH & CO.—To the public.
SEACOAST ROAD—Change schedule.

NEW BUSINESS LOCALS.

FOR SALE—Setter puppies.
BIG MONEY—For men and women.

LOCAL DOTS.

Items of Interest Gathered Here and There and Briefly Noted.

— Bill posters were at work yesterday putting up the pictures for the Buffalo Bill show.

— Local forecast made yesterday: Fair, warmer, light northeasterly winds increasing to fresh and brisk.

— The stage of water in the river at Fayetteville Sunday at 8 a. m., was 3.8 feet; a fall of about one inch in the previous 24 hours.

— The twenty-third session of Cape Fear Academy opened yesterday morning, with Prof. Washington Catlett principal, and Mr. W. S. Glenn assistant.

— The tent meetings carried on by Revs. Quattlebaum and Taylor are progressing. Last night the tent was crowded, and people had to stand on the outside.

— The School for Young Ladies, Miss Hart and Miss Brown principals, will begin the next session Thursday, October 3d, in the new building on Orange street.

— Mr. Nick Justice, wife and others, sailing in a skiff on the river Saturday afternoon last, were upset near the mouth of Alligator creek, but fortunately escaped with only a ducking.

— There are just as many people looking for houses to rent this year as ever. If you have a vacant house to rent advertise it in the STAR'S Business Locals. Only one cent a word. But no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents.

One Cent a Word.

Hereafter advertisements to go in our "Business Locals" department will be charged one cent per word for each insertion; but no advertisement, however short will be taken for less than 20 cents.

This is a reduction from former rates and it is also a convenience to advertisers, who can calculate the exact cost of their advertisements, which must be paid for always in advance.

Base Ball.

The base ball fraternity are arranging for a game to close the season with. Those interestested in organizing a State League met last night and decided to go into a State organization and employ a professional team, and have first-class ball, as far as Wilmington is concerned, next season.

The Southern Business College of Asheville, N. C., "The Queen Mountain City of the South," offers one-half tuition free to two worthy students from this county who must be recommended by the Chairman of the County Commissioners and must enter by October 30th. †

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Pertinent Paragraphs Pertaining Principally to People and Pointedly Printed.

— Mr. Wm. A. Chadbourn, Jr., of Newbern, is in the city.

— Mr. Isaac C. Loftin has gone to Atlanta on a short visit.

— Mr. Albert Peschau, of South Rocky Mount, is in the city.

— Marshal O. J. Carroll was a visitor at the STAR office yesterday.

— Prof. E. VanLaer returned yesterday from an extended tour North.

— Mr. Kirby Collier leaves to-day for St. John's School, Annapolis, Md.

— Mr. Jas. Grady has been sent from Washington, D. C., to act as first fireman on the *Nantucket*.

— Mr. Harry Webb, formerly of this city but now of Trenton, N. J., is in the city on a visit to friends.

— Mr. N. Carmichael, of Bermuda, S. C., and D. Carmichael, of South Carolina, were in the city yesterday.

— Messrs. A. B. Nichols, J. N. Nichols and W. N. Oliver, of Nichols, S. C., were visitors in the city yesterday.

— Messrs. W. G. Furlong, Newbern; E. A. Huggins, Florence; F. F. Mills, Whiteville; J. H. Lewis, Hamlet; Clif Cohen, Clinton; Jas. H. Robinson, Goldsboro; T. M. Leach, N. C.; S. Nash, Tarboro; C. L. Banner, Mt. Airy, C. L. Stevens, S. F. Craig, Southport; J. K. Smith, Maj. Grant, Goldsboro, were among the arrivals in the city yesterday.

Four Houses Burned—No Water Available.

Three one-story frame buildings and one two-story (unfinished) building, on Dawson between Twelfth and Thirteenth streets, were destroyed last night by fire which broke out in one of the small buildings. It was unoccupied and owned by George Nixon, colored. The flames spread to the buildings adjoining, two of which belonged to J. L. Wescott and the third (unfinished) to George Koel, colored. The fire was no doubt caused by an incendiary. It could not be learned whether there was any insurance or not. The Fire Department was on hand promptly, but no water could be had as the nearest hydrant was eight squares away. All that the firemen could do was to pull down the burning houses, which was done by the hook and ladder companies.

Woman's Edition of the Fayetteville Observer.

The Woman's Edition of the Fayetteville *Observer*, in aid of the Cumberland Monument Association, has been issued. It is a handsome paper, admirably gotten up, and reflects credit not alone upon the ladies, but the publisher, Maj. Hale. The issue comprises twelve pages, and nearly every page is filled with well written articles by ladies. The editor in chief is Mrs Jno. B. Broadfoot; assistants, Miss Alice Campbell, Mrs. J. B. Worth, Mrs. T. D. Haigh, Mrs. N. A. Sinclair, Mrs. J. H. Currie and Mrs. W. B. Draughon. They say in a leading article:

"The sorrow for the dead is the only sorrow from which we refuse to be divorced." For every other of the ills and woes of life we invoke oblivion; for this, with loving hands, we erect the hallowed shrine, and invite memory in to hold there here beautiful but melancholy rites.

OPERA HOUSE.

Only a Farmer's Daughter To-morrow Night.

The beautiful comedy drama "Only a Farmer's Daughter" will be the attraction at the Opera House to-morrow night. The Philadelphia *Ledger* of the 2nd inst. says of this play:

"Only a Farmer's Daughter" has in consequence of its success been continued another week at this theatre. The merits of this most excellent drama have been recognized by a succession of the best class of Philadelphia theatre patrons. It is strong, direct, and well constructed. The dialogue is terse, clear and comprehensive. There is neither prolixity or ambiguity, and the object in view is carefully worked out. The best merits of the piece is its adaptability for the stage, and the novelty of its construction and effects.

The box sheet for Wednesday night will be open this morning at Yates' bookstore.

Death of Miss Lida W. Penton.

Miss Lida W. Penton, daughter of Capt. Abner and Mrs. Emily F. Penton, and sister of Messrs. Daniel, Harry and Barron Penton, died yesterday afternoon at the residence of the family in this city. She had just entered her sixteenth year, and was greatly beloved by all who knew her. Her death resulted from a fall last Thursday on the front steps of Mr. Jas. Calder's residence, corner of Seventh and Chesnut streets, causing serious internal injuries. The funeral will take place this afternoon at 4 o'clock from the First Baptist Church, of which Miss Penton was a most consistent member.

The Weather.

The Bureau report yesterday was that high winds prevail on the coast of Florida, and brisk winds may be expected in this vicinity during the next day or two, but nothing dangerous is anticipated.

The minimum temperature (yesterday morning) in Wilmington was 58 degrees; in Weldon, 48 degrees.

Change of Schedule.

A change of schedule on the Wilmington Seacoast railroad will go into effect on Thursday, the 19th instant. Trains will leave Princess street station daily at 6.30 and 10.10 a. m., and 3 00 and 5.30 p. m.; leave Ocean View, 7.30 and 11.00 a. m., and 6.30 and 9.30 p. m.

Housekeepers who want servants are in the habit of supplying their needs from the STAR'S want column. Are you looking for a situation? The STAR'S want column will bring you the best results. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for less than 20 cents. tf

SENATOR MARION BUTLER

Shown River and Harbor Improvements—Takes a Trip Out to Sea.

Yesterday, through the efforts and by invitation of Mr. C. L. Stevens, editor of the Southport *Leader*, the Pilots Association of Southport gave Senator Marion Butler a pleasant and profitable trip down the Cape Fear river and outside over the bar.

The object of the trip was to acquaint the Senator with the work done on the river and harbor in the way of Government improvements; also, to point out future possibilities of this port, river and bar. Editor Stevens and Capt. J. J. Adkins, president of the Pilots' Association, met the Senator in Wilmington and accompanied him to Southport, where Captains Wm. St. George, president of the Cape Fear Towing Co., Wm. H. Pyke, president of the Cape Fear Coaling and Contracting Co., S. F. Craig, secretary and treasurer of the Pilots' Association, and J. A. Williams, T. M. Morse and A. C. Burriss joined the party. Dinner was served at the Hotel Brunswick, after which the party made a trip out to sea and to the life saving station, the steamer *Wilmington* being chartered for the occasion. Senator Butler was greatly pleased with his visit, returning to the city last night accompanied by Messrs. Stevens and Craig.

City Court.

Mayor Fishblate presided in the City Court yesterday.

George Morgan, colored, and John Cumming, a white boy, charged with disorderly conduct, fighting in the streets, were found guilty. Morgan, who is about 18 years of age, was the aggressor, and was sentenced to pay a fine of five dollars or work ten days on the streets. Cumming, who is about 11 years old, was sentenced to five days' imprisonment unless his mother should administer to him a sound flogging, when he should be released.

Andrew Lavender, a negro boy 12 years of age, charged with larceny, was sent to jail in default of bond in the sum of $50 for his appearance at the Superior Court.

Wm. Haywood, colored, charged with disorderly conduct and resisting arrest, was sentenced to pay a fine of $25 or work thirty days on the streets

Cotton Notes.

Receipts at Wilmington yesterday 290 bales; receipts same day last year 1,878.

Spot cotton quiet in New York on a basis of 8¼c. for middling.

Net receipts at all ports yesterday 16,869 bales, against 30,425 same day last year.

New York futures closed 6 to 7 points lower than closing prices Saturday.

The Spanish steamship *Octubre* cleared at Savannah last Saturday for Barcelona, with a cargo of cotton. This is the first cotton laden steamship to clear from an Atlantic port since September 1, or the beginning of the cotton season of 1895-96. Only two other cargoes have been shipped from the United States this season, both of which cleared from New Orleans during the past two weeks.

Rosh Ashinas—The Jewish New Year.

This solemn Jewish festival occurs in the Hebrew month Tishri, and its celebration will commence to morrow (Wednesday) evening at sunset. The statute for its observance is recorded in the following passage of the Pentateuch: "And the Lord spake unto Moses, saying in the seventh month, on the first day of the month, shall you have a Sabbath, a memorial of blowing trumpets, a holy convocation. You shall do no servile work."

From the date that the law was promulgated up to the present time the children of Israel have regarded the New Year as one of their most important and solemn holidays.

BASE BALL.

Standing of the Two Leading Clubs in the National League.

The following is the record of the two leading clubs in the National League, including games played yesterday, viz:

	Won.	Lost.	Per ct.
Baltimore	78	39	.667
Cleveland	78	45	.634

Baltimore has 13 more games to play, while Cleveland has only 7. Should Cleveland win all of her and Baltimore lose 6 of her games the clubs would tie, the percentage being .654.

A Runaway on Market Street.

A lady and a little girl had a narrow escape yesterday afternoon from a runaway horse, which dashed on the sidewalk in front of Messrs. Solomon's store, corner Front and Market streets. The little girl was knocked down and ran over and the lady was pushed violently against a box by the horse. She was severely shocked; but fortunately neither the lady or the child sustained any serious injury. The horse was attached to a delivery wagon. It ran up Market street to the corner of Second, where it was stopped.

Residence Entered, But Not Robbed.

Saturday night last the residence of Mr. Dick Steljes, corner Fifth and Nun streets, was entered, it is supposed, for the purpose of robbery. Mr. and Mrs. Stiljes being out of the city, their son Allie got Mr. Charles Mott to stay with him at night. Shortly before 12 o'clock that night Mr. Mott went to the house and found the front door open. When Mr. Allie Steljes arrived the premises were searched and it was found that some one had been in the house, but so far as could be ascertained nothing had been taken.

Buy No Others.

All persons are hereby cautioned against buying copies of the STAR offered for sale on the streets unless, in every case, the words "For Transient Sale" are stamped on the margin of the paper. Should any newsboy or carrier offer for sale a copy of the STAR not so stamped he should be promptly reported at this office.

RALEIGH CONVENTION.

RAILROADS WILL GIVE REDUCED RATES TO DELEGATES.

Talk of a New Party—Murderers Escaped from Jail—North Carolina Railroad Stockholders—Liberal Donations for a New Presbyterian Church—Opposition to the New Road Law.

[*Star Correspondence*]

RALEIGH, N. C., Sept. 17.

Mr. E. Chambers Smith says that he has secured a 2-cent rate each way for delegates who attend the silver convention. This rate has been agreed upon by all the railroads in the State. Mr. Smith received numbers of letters from silverites in the past few days who state that they will be here on the 25th. Spier Whitaker is an enthusiastic silverite, and he says that he would not be surprised to see 3,000 people here.

Talking with two gentlemen who are not strictly residents of Raleigh, but as well known as any men in the State, they stated that they hoped to see the best men—the intelligent men—of the State come together and form a new party. One of them was a goldbug. He said he saw that the State was against him, and that he was in favor of getting the intelligence together. It is strange to find so many Democrats willing to forsake their former allegiance. On the other hand I have seen Democrats, whose democracy was at times questioned, bitter in their denunciation of any movement looking to the formation of a new party. There seems to be a growing sentiment for the formation of a new party among certain politicians. I find the people here opposed to it.

Mr. Bass Beckwith says he hopes that all the gold in the country will be shipped to England; says he, "it can't hurt us." Perhaps he is speaking for himself.

Friday last there was a general jail delivery in Madison county. Five murderers escaped. Gov. Carr being in the western part of the State, he offered a reward of $100 each for three of the murderers and $50 each for two of them. There were twelve murderers in the jail at the time.

Treasurer Worth says he has seen the statement published that Marion Butler would dictate to the silver convention. Mr. Worth says this is not Senator Butler's convention, but the people's convention.

To-morrow the stockholders of the North Carolina Railroad meet in Greensboro. The business that will come up before them will be the ratification of the lease of the North Carolina road to the Southern. A full attendance is expected. Some opposition to its ratification is likely, but the action of the trustees will in all probability be endorsed. Col. A. B. Andrews, First Vice President, will be present at the meeting.

At the First Presbyterian Church yesterday a congregational service was held for the purpose of securing a fund for the erection of a new church. Mr. Alf. A. Thompson is chairman of the finance committee, and in an hour's time he had secured $9,250. Two very wealthy members of the church were absent in Norfolk. Mrs. Ely Reade, wife of the late Judge Reade, gave $3,000 and Julius Lewis gave $1,000. It is expected that $15,000 will be secured soon. The edifice will cost not less than $30,000. It will be built on the present site, on the southwest corner from the Capitol.

The new engine of the Seaboard Air Line, which is to be exhibited at the Exposition, left for Atlanta to-day. It is finished in nickel.

Mr. W. C. McMackin, superintendent of roads for Wake county, is opposed to the new road law which increases the rate of taxation. He says that it would demoralize road improvements already inaugurated in this county for the reason that every community has the privilege of calling in a force of convicts from the work house to work the roads at any point. This would divide the force in small squads and impair their usefulness. It is likely that the law will be defeated.

To-morrow the ten dollar rate to Atlanta goes into effect.

The grapes will probably disappear this week. Small shipments are still being made.

There are 225 students at Wake Forest College.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R.—276 bales cotton, 84 casks spirits turpentine, 75 bbls rosin, 40 bbls tar, 12 bbls crude turpentine.

Carolina Central R. R.—2 casks spirits turpentine, 14 bbls rosin, 42 bbls tar.

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R. R.—14 bales cotton, 6 casks spirits turpentine, 22 bbls tar.

Steamer Frank Sessoms—15 casks spirits turpentine, 35 bbls rosin, 80 bbls tar, 32 bbls crude turpentine.

Total receipts—Cotton, 290 bales; spirits turpentine, 107 casks; rosin, 124 bbls; tar, 184 bbls; crude turpentine, 44 bbls.

Tank Collapsed.

The large water tank at Ocean View beach collapsed suddenly and went all to pieces yesterday morning.

The tank was built quite recently for the purpose of supplying residents on the beach with water, which was brought in pipes from the artesian well on the Hammocks, and was a great convenience. It is said that the cause of the collapse was the giving way of the foundation, and that a new tank will be erected at once.

NEW YORK THUCK MARKET.

Full and Reliable Reports of Markets For Southern Fruits and Vegetables.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, September 16.—Southern fresh fruits in moderate demand. Receipts of peaches good; demand for choice, and prices firm. Sweet potatoes fairly active. Peaches, carrier, $1 00 to 2 00; do basket, 30 to 80 cents. Watermelons, per hundred, $5 00 to 22 00. Potatoes, sweet, $1 75 to 2 00.

Encyclopedia Britannica.

The STAR Britannica Department is still filling orders for the Encyclopædia Britannica. This is the latest and best edition of this great work. Issued in 25 volumes, bound in cloth or sheep. For full particulars read announcement on hird page, or inquire at the STAR office.

If there is anything you want, advertise for it. Is there anything you don't want? Advertise it in the Business Locals of the STAR. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for ess than 20 cents. tf

THE SILVER QUESTION.

THE VIEWS OF SOUTHERN PLANTERS ON FREE COINAGE.

A Profound Sentiment Among Southern Farmers in Favor of Free Coinage—They Do Not Believe in the Gold Standard, and Are Willing to Try Silver in Any Shape and Quantity.

The STAR believes in a double standard, and is as much interested in the re-establishment of State banks of issue as it is in the free coinage of silver; but it reproduces the following as part of the current news:

The Cincinnati *Enquirer* recently published an extended interview with Mr. S. M. Inman, head of the great cotton house of S. M. Inman & Co., in which this well known Southern business man talks on cotton, business and silver. The interview is from the pen of Mr. J. J. Dickinson, of the Cincinnati *Enquirer*. On the silver question Mr. Inman speaks, in part, as follows:

"If I know the Southern planters there is a more profound sentiment in favor of silver among them than in almost any part of the country. With them a silver currency would be hailed as a blessing. * * * * * *

Even if the silver were like the silver of Mexico, worth only one-half as much as gold, the cotton crop would have sold for $350,000,000 more of these dollars than it has. From the planter's standpoint he would prefer $50 per bale instead of $25 for his cotton, even if the dollars were not quite so good. It is especially so with the poorer classes of cotton producers, who, under the best conditions, have a hard life of it. After a year of hard work such as men in more comfortable positions know very little about, and after selling his cotton for less than it costs him to make it, his children barefoot and in need of the actual necessities of life, this man would prefer to have double the amount of money he has received, even if the dollars are of less value, and even if, as he is told, the so-called 'honor' of the Government and trade relations of our country with other governments were a little strained.

"I am not discussing the matter in the abstract. I am only talking of the feeling of the planters I meet in every day life. They admit that the gold standard is a very great blessing to the man who has the gold, but to the man the product of whose labor is measured by gold, the blessing is not so apparent. On the contrary he thinks that the single gold standard is something of a curse, and while he cannot be certain whether a debased silver currency would make his condition any better, he at least is willing to try the experiment. It may be that more prosperous times may change the views of these men, but from what I know of their feelings on the subject now, they are going to act and vote for any party that shows unqualified friendship for silver. The repeal of the Sherman law gave them disappointing results. The abortive tariff tinkering has not been as beneficial as they had hoped. These questions for the time being settled they are going to hunt for a still further remedy for their trouble. I am not discussing my personal views, but simply give you, as far as I can judge, the sentiments of the men upon whose prosperity rests the prosperity of the South. If I have mistaken their feelings, time will develop it, but I have kept in pretty close contact with the producers of what are especially known as the Cotton States, and do not think I can be mistaken about the almost universal opinion at this time."

DIED.

PENTON—In this city yesterday evening at 5 o'clock MISS LIDA W. PENTON, aged 16 years the 17th of November, daughter of Capt. Abner C. and Mrs. Emily F. Penton.

The funeral services will take place from the First Baptist Church this afternoon at 4 o'clock. Friends and acquaintances are invited to attend.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Wilmington Lodge No. 319, A. F. & A. M.

BRETHREN—Regular monthly communication this (Tuesday) evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting brethren cordially invited to attend.
sep 17 1t H. G. FENNELL, Secretary.

To the Public.

WE HAVE AN ABUNDANCE OF ICE AND the capacity to make twice as much daily as has been consumed in this city in any one day the past five years, and have not missed supplying our customers any day during the ten years we have been in the business. Respectfully,
sep 17 2t WM. E. WORTH & CO.

School for Young Ladies.

MISS HART, MISS BROWN.

THE NEXT SESSION WILL BEGIN THURSDAY, the third of October, in the new building on Orange street. High, airy school room and sunny playground. In addition to thorough English course, instruction, without extra charge, in Latin, French and German. Lessons in Music given by Miss Henrietta Lavender.

For terms and particulars apply to the PRINCIPALS, 114 Orange street.
sep 17 tf nac tu su

OPERA HOUSE,

WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 18, 1895.

Only a Farmer's Daughter,

Which will be interpreted by a Company of Star Players, with

MISS HELEN NORTH and BLANCH de BAR BOOTH

In the Leading Roles.

LITTLE ETHEL MAY, 5 years old.

The most brilliant Child Actress now before the public.

Box sheet open at Yates' Tuesday morning.
sep 15 3t

Just to Remind You

That you can't help being

CURED

If you will have your Prescription work done by

JAS. D. NUTT,
sep 15 tf The Druggist.

Market Notice.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE Stalls of the various markets of the City will be

Rented at Public Auction

on Friday, September 20th Inst.,

Commencing at the Fifth Ward Market House at 11 o'clock a. m., reaching Fourth street Market about 11.55 o'clock a. m. and Front street Market about 12.30 o'clock p. m. Stalls will be rented upon the

CASH PREMIUM PLAN.

No bids will be received from delinquent renters, nor will sub-letting be permitted.

W. H. NORTHROP, Jr.,
Chairman Market Committee.
sep 12 3t th tu fr

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

LOOK AT THIS SPACE

To-Morrow.

Northeast Cor. Front and Market St.
sep 17 tf

New Fall Goods

Are Arriving.

Would call the Ladies' attention to the elegant stock of

IMPORTED NOVELTIES

—IN—

DRESS GOODS

just received, which are now ready for inspection. We are satisfied we can show the most attractive line of Black Goods ever brought to this part of the country, embracing many novelties of this season's productions.

KID GLOVES.

Have made every effort to do the KID GLOVE business of this community, and have just received a large import order given last Spring, in Ladies', Gent's and Children's in the new fall shades. Our $1.00 GLOVE is unexceptional good value.

Agency for Dr. Jaegers'

Woollen Underwear,

the best goods in the world. A complete stock now in store in all the different grades.

Johnson & Fore.

sep 8 tf

Commissioner's Sale.

BY virtue and in pursuance of a decree of the Superior Court of New Hanover county, made in an action therein pending wherein Junius Davis, Receiver, is plaintiff, and A. B. Cook et al., are defendants, the undersigned Commissioner, duly appointed by said decree, will sell at public auction for cash, at the Court House door in the city of Wilmington, on Monday, the 23d day of September, A. D. 1895, at 12 o'clock M., the following described real estate in the said city of Wilmington—Beginning at the southeastern intersection of Front and Castle streets, and running thence eastwardly along the southern line of said Castle street two hundred and twenty feet, thence southwardly across lots 1 and 2, block 72, to the northern line of lot 3 in said block one hundred and thirty-two feet, thence along said line westwardly to the eastern line of Front street two hundred and twenty feet, thence along said line northwardly one hundred and thirty-two feet to the beginning, same being the the western two-thirds of lots 1 and 2, block 72, according to the official plan of said city of Wilmington.

HERBERT McCLAMMY,
aug 20 4t Commissioner.

To the Public.

WE ARE STILL AT THE OLD STAND No. 1[illegible] North Front street, where we would be pleased to [illegible] call and see us whenever you are in need of [illegible] Hair Cut or Shave, or anything else in that [illegible] satisfaction guaranteed. Respectfully,

H. C. PREMPERT'S SONS,
Experts in Barbering,
sept 15 tf South Front St.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

A TREAT

—FOR—

Wilmington.

OUR MR. KATZ IS IN THE

Northern Markets

SELECTING OUR

NEW STOCK

—OF—

Fall and Winter Goods,

Which will be displayed at our

NEW STAND

No. 9 North Front St.,

NOW UNOCCUPIED, ON

October 1.

Wait before making your Fall purchases in

Dry Goods

CARPETS,

Window Shades, &c.

OUR ENTIRE STOCK OF

KID GLOVES

Have arrived and will be open Tuesday for sale.

Subscriptions to the Delineator left at our Store will receive prompt attention. Price delivered $1.00 per year.

Special reduction throughout our Store before moving. Two weeks more. Call early.

KATZ & POLVOGT,

No. 116 Market St.,

WILMINGTON, N. C.
sep 15 tf

New Wheat Flour.

400 barrels Flour.
375 half barrel bags Flour.
600 quarter barrel bags Flour.
500 one-eighth barrel bags Flour.
25 barrels best patent Flour.
20 half barrels best patent Flour.

If you use it once we have a regular customer. W. B. COOPER,
Wholesale Grocer and Commission Merchant,
208 North Water Street.
sep 12 tf DAW Wilmington, N. C.

Young Printer Wanted.

A YOUNG PRINTER WHO IS WELL ADvanced, and wishes to complete his trade, may secure employment as a "Two-Thirder." If well recommended, by applying at the STAR OFFICE.
aug 14 tf

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily news paper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, at $6 00 per year, $3 00 for six months, $1 50 for three months, 50 cents for one month, to mail subscribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 12 cents per week for any period from one week to one year.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY).—One square one day, $1 00; two days, $1 75; three days, $2 50; four days, $3 00; five days, $3 50; one week, $4 00; two weeks, $6 50; three weeks, $8 50; one month, $10 00; two months $17 00; three months, $24 00; six months, $40 00; twelve months, $60 00. Ten lines of solid Nonpareil type make one square.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at $1 00 per year, 60 cents for six months, 30 cents for three months.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops, Picnics, Society Meetings, Political Meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Notices under head of "City Items" 20 cents per line first insertion, and 15 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired charged transient rates for time actually published.

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any price.

All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

An extra charge will be made for double-column or triple-column advertisements.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged $1 00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired.

The Morning Star.

By WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C

TUESDAY MORNING, SEP. 17, 1895

IT COSTS TOO MUCH.

One of the things which the gold monometallists of this country seem to dread most is that if bimetallism become the policy of this Government it would destroy the confidence of European capitalists and put an end to investments in American enterprises and securities. We don't believe this and we don't believe that they believe it; but if it were to have that effect it would prove a blessing instead of the calamity they profess to believe it would.

If it were not for these foreign investments and American securities held by foreigners we would have very little if any trouble with our reserve, for there would be no need of a gold reserve, which is kept not to meet ordinary obligations, but to make these foreigners believe that we intend to pay gold and that they may always safely count upon it. We have about $1,100,000,000 of other money than gold, but in our transactions with them it isn't worth a continental, for they must have gold, and with the gold they take our Treasury managers will always be at their wits' end to keep up a supply of gold. While we submissively pursue the course dictated by the gold monometallists of England and recognize gold as the only international money, the inevitable result will be that they will keep on absorbing the gold and we will always be short on gold and be compelled to be a borrower, unless we can devise some other way of securing it.

We do not believe that if we were to stop gold payments to-morrow, that is gold payments exclusively, it would have any appreciable effect on foreign investments in American enterprises or in America securities. It might, perhaps, have a tendency to check them temporarily, but only for a short time. We are told that there is a great deal of money in England and in some other European countries seeking investment. It is money that is held to be loaned or invested in other countries. The American continents are the only sections of the world where it can be loaned largely, and at a tempting rate of interest. Money that pays in England from two to three per cent. per annum is considered to be doing pretty well, while it can be loaned on this side of the ocean at much higher rates, and can be invested in enterprises that will pay ten per cent. or higher dividends, as some in which they have already invested have done and are doing. All the countries South of us are silver countries, but they can get as much European money as they want to borrow. They may now agree to pay in gold or its equivalent, but if they refused to agree to that the money would come all the same if it were properly protected. The money-owners over there who have money to invest or lend do not believe in keeping it locked up in vaults, earning nothing, and as there is little demand for it in Europe, it would come this way to find employment as it did for eighty-two years before we adopted the British gold standard.

But why should a country with the marvellous resources of ours, with such an enterprising, energetic and self-confident people, and possessed of so much natural wealth be dependent upon any other country to supply money to conduct great or small enterprises? If with an estimated national wealth of $65,000,000,000 the American people can't build their own railroads, and open their own mines, and run their own Treasury, they ought to be ashamed to admit it, and build fewer roads, open fewer mines, and bring their national expenses down to their ability to pay. If in the management of our own business and enterprises we showed half as much sense as the Englishman does, we would utilize our money metals to their full extent, and with them supply the money that we now go abroad to borrow, and thus make our silver mines as well as our gold mines treasuries to be drawn upon constantly.

That's what England would have done if she owned them. She did not demonetize silver until she became rich and became a money-lender, then she saw that she could make money by demonetizing it, and she did so simply as a matter of business. With less sense than she showed we demonetized it when we had a national debt of over $2,000,000,000 to meet, and when millions of foreign money was invested in American enterprises and stocks. When this national debt was contracted the holders never expected to be paid in gold, and when these millions were invested the investors never expected to be paid in gold, and they wouldn't be if it were not for the conspiracy of 1873, by which trusted agents of the American people nullified the original contracts and destroyed silver which was a full legal tender for every dollar owed by this Government or by the American people.

Restore silver to its former full money status, make it in law the equal of gold, and put it on the same footing in the mints, and there will be no occasion to go abroad to get money to build railroads or anything else, or to run our Treasury. When that is done we will have achieved our financial independence and will be masters of our own destiny.

MINOR MENTION.

It is becoming quite apparent that a move will be made in the next Congress to retire the Treasury notes, in reference to which the Washington *Star* speculates as follows:

"The Secretary of the Treasury will probably ask for the repeal of the law requiring the reissue of Treasury notes after their redemption. This recommendation will not readily be followed by Congress, and it is by means sure that it would bring relief promptly enough if the repeal were speedily enacted. If the Department could now cease the reissue there would still be outstanding enough notes, easily in reach of those wanting gold, to seriously embarrass the gold reserve. Moreover, the Treasury notes are reissued only in the regular course of business, and in the present state of the revenues the 'reissue' or expenditure of all forms of money, Treasury notes included, taken in through the agency of the customs and internal revenue still leaves the Treasury short of money, and the monthly expenditures exceed the monthly receipts."

The drift has been this way for some time, and the "sound money" bureaus have been sending out feelers of public sentiment, but thus far have not received much encouragement. For the retired greenbacks they have nothing to offer but interest-bearing bonds, which means a contraction of the currency without any substitute. The Congress of the United States that would endorse that proposition would kill itself as dead as Hector. If the greenbacks are a source of embarrassment to the Treasury it is simply because the managers of the Treasury persist in the course that makes them so, by redeeming them in gold, instead of "coin," when they are under no legal obligation to do that. It is an embarrassment of their own creation for which they alone are responsible.

* * *

Politically Capt. R. F. Kolb, of Alabama, is somewhat erratic, but on the subject of diversified farming he is as level-headed as a mill pond. For several years he was Commissioner of Agriculture for Alabama, and this not only gave him an opportunity but made it incumbent on him to familiarize himself with the agricultural conditions of his own State, and to give much attention to cotton, in the cultivation of which his people are so much interested, and consequently the views he expresses are worthy of attention. In his advice to cotton planters published in Sunday's STAR, he makes an estimated yield for this year away below any that we have thus far seen, and gives his reasons. Possibly he has got somewhat under the mark, but however this may be the indications point to higher prices, which would surely be the case if planters hold back their deliveries as suggested by him. The probabilities are that those of them who can hold will, for that has been the general drift of advice to them. But the intelligent planter will be governed by his own judgment and market accordingly. Aside from his advice as to marketing, the concluding portion of his letter in which he urges planters to curtail their acreage, use less fertilizers and make their provisions at home, as they did this year, is worthy of the serious attention of every planter. If this be done, he says cotton will bring ten cents a pound next year, which it probably will, and the cotton planter will be "in the swim."

* * *

Charles R. Dodge, of the United States Department of Agriculture who has been investigating ramie culture in this country, reports that the plant cannot be profitably cultivated North of the Gulf States; much cold weather kills it. It requires warm weather and a sandy soil that will produce these crops in the year. The bulk of our imported ramie now comes from China, where the fibre is prepared by hand, which can be done in that country, where labor is cheap, but could not be profitably done in this country where labor costs more. With machinery for preparing the fiber the difference in the cost of putting in form for market might be overcome, and the growing of the plant become a profitable one in those sections of the South where it would flourish. It is said that such a machine is now in use in one of the manufactories in England, which has overcome the obstacles which have heretofore prevented the cultivation of the plant on a large scale in this country.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— In declining to pardon a man convicted of pension frauds President Cleveland made a note on the papers that he would decline to pardon violators of the pension laws unless very strong and unusual reasons were presented. The country will support the President in his resolution. Rascals who make a mockery of patriotism, and who plunder the community while at the same time pretending their devotion to principle are entitled to little mercy.—*Phil. Ledger, Ind.*

—— The well-informed Washington correspondent of the Philadelphia *Ledger* states that in Ohio the manufacturers are opposed to further tariff agitation, and that the Democrats intend to circulate as campaign documents the speeches of Sherman, Foraker and McKinley in favor of renewing the fight for more protection. This must make Judge William Lawrence feel that the world is coming to an end. The truth is that the passage of the tariff act of 1894 has put an end to general tariff revision for many years, just as did the passage of the Walker tariff in 1846. There was no tariff legislation after that until 1857, when duties were reduced in order to avoid the collection of surplus revenues. It is also true that nothing is settled in this country until the Democratic party has endorsed it.—*New York Mercury, Dem.*

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Salisbury *Herald*: At Burlington yesterday a very prominent mill man and a well known citizen of the State, made a wager that the price of cotton would reach 10 cents by March 1, 1896.

— Goldsboro *Argus*: An old lightwood tree with a cannon ball deeply imbedded in its trunk and riddled with bullets, from the battlefield of Bentonsville, was brought to the city to-day. It had been secured for the Goldsboro Rifles' museum of war relics.

— Warrenton *Gazette*: Dr. R. D. Fleming's store was broken open last Friday night and about $100 worth of goods stolen. The thieves were three colored tramps. Pursuit was made the next morning and they were caught up with by one of our colored citizens, Frank Boyd, but three against one was too much, hence the escape of two of the criminals, and the other with the stolen property was brought back.

— Charlotte *News*: Two mountaineers came into town this morning with a covered wagon. It had been filled with apples, but when it got here it was principally filled with indignation. Five miles from town the poor fellows met with a sharper who bargained for their entire load, which they sold to him for $5. He gave them a $5 bill and took their apples and afterwards they found to their dismay that the bill was not good. It was a bill of the old Bank of Mecklenburg. The police were notified and set to work to hunt down the party who swindled the unsuspecting mountaineers.

— Raleigh *News-Observer*: In the Insane Asylum here there are now 358 patients, the largest since it was established. The great majority of them are country people of middle age. Wake has the largest number, and Cumberland the next largest. —— Friday at mid-day George Sanders, a negro of Bayboro, clubbed his wife on the street of that village, breaking her skull. She is dying. Sanders is in jail, and glories in his crime. He wanted to kill his wife's sister also, and other negroes now speak of lynching him. There are five versions of the cause of the killing, one of which is that his wife told of his stealing; another alleged cause is that she accused him of unfaithfulness.

TWINKLINGS

— "What's become of that trifling fellow Tweedles?"

"Oh, he went West and opened a store."

"Doing well?"

"No; doing time. He was caught in the act."—*Washington Times.*

— "Darling!"

"My life?

After four wears of estrangement they were clasped again in each other's arms. The big sleeve was a thing of the past.—*Minneapolis Penny Press.*

— Ethelberta (in a runaway carriage)—Oh, Tom, let us jump—quick.

Tom (leisurely)—'Twould only be the trouble for nothing. We shall be thrown out in a minute.—*Tit-Bits.*

— "No," said the advanced woman, "I shall not wear bloomers any more."

"Why not?"

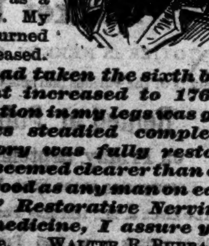
"The pockets are so easy to find that my husband has got into the habit of going through them when I am asleep."—*Washington Star.*

Weak, Irritable, Tired

"I Was No Good on Earth."

Dr. Miles' Nervine strengthens the weak, builds up the broken down constitution, and permanently cures every kind of nervous disease.

"About one year ago I was afflicted with nervousness, sleeplessness, Creeping sensation in my legs, Slight palpitation of my heart, Distracting confusion of the mind, Serious loss or lapse of memory. Weighted down with care and worry. I completely lost appetite And felt my vitality wearing out, I was weak, irritable and tired, My weight was reduced to 160 lbs., In fact I was no good, on earth.



A friend brought me Dr. Miles' book, "New and Startling Facts," and I finally decidde to try a bottle of Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine. Before I had taken one bottle I could sleep as well as a 10-yr.-old boy. My appetite returned greatly increased.

When I had taken the sixth bottle My weight increased to 176 lbs., The sensation in my legs was gone; My nerves steadied completely; My memory was fully restored. My brain seemed clearer than ever. I felt as good as any man on earth. Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine is A great medicine, I assure you."

Augusta, Me. WALTER R. BURBANK.

Dr. Miles' Nervine is sold on a positive guarantee that the first bottle will benefit. All druggists sell it at $1, 6 bottles for $5, or it will be sent, prepaid, on receipt of price by the Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

Dr. Miles' Nervine Restores Health

Dr. Miles' Pain Pills. "One cent a dose."

For sale by all Druggists.

June 15 1y sa tu th change.

SEA MAGIC.

The children talk in the firelight,
The mother sits and hears.
Her lips have a hint of smiling,
Her eyes a thought of tears.

With tears and smiles together
She hears the children say
How this by way of the heather,
And that by way of the bay,

Will leave the small safe haven
Wherein the children throve,
Shut in by sea and mountain
Into a nest of love.

She smiles to hear their dreaming
Of what each one will do.
Over the mountains gleaming,
Out on the waters blue.

But ever the mist grows thicker
When Hugh, the sailor, tells
Of the sea king's cave of coral
And pearls and diamond shells.

Of the golden, deep sea weather
And galleons sunk of yore.
She thinks on his long drowned father.
Her eyes can see no more.
—Katharine Tynan in Illustrated News.

Bad Change.

A dreamy looking man with glasses boarded a Broadway cable car and handed the conductor a dollar bill. As the change was offered to him he said, without looking at it, "Pick out the bad coins, please, and give me good ones instead." The conductor turned red, and picking a dull looking quarter and two Canadian dimes from the heap substituted regular coin of the realm and handed back the change.

"How did you know he was going to give you bad money?" asked an inquisitive youth who sat next to the man with the glasses. "You didn't even look at it."

"I didn't need to look at it," replied the other. "Long and expensive experience has taught me that conductors pass off bad change on any one who wears glasses. They imagine, I suppose, that we are nearsighted and won't notice the difference. At first, I used to count the change myself and then ask the conductor to give me good money in place of the bad, but now I always let him pick it out for me. I find it saves time."—New York World.

Electricity and Vegetation.

The physiological effects of electricity and the electric light upon the growth of plants have been studied for a number of years, and the results reached are highly interesting for their economic and theoretic importance. The studies have had to do with the application of electricity directly to the plants themselves, sometimes with currents through the earth in which their roots were imbedded and sometimes with the effect of the electric arc light maintained a part or the whole of the time when sunlight was absent.

Plants kept in the light from an electric arc not only grow as in the sunlight, but some grow much faster and larger. They produce chlorophyl in abundance. They reach out toward the source of light and twist this way or that. They assimilate more potash, produce more albuminoids and yield a larger amount of ash. These phenomena show that the physiological quality of the arc light is the same as that of the sun.—Cosmopolitan.

All He Knew.

Foote, celebrated as he was as a man of great talent and wit, was not content to leave the stage alone, though his performances upon it brought him a most unenivable notoriety. His Othello is said to have been a perfect burlesque, and Hamlet, which character he attempted in the early part of his life, at his own benefit, was still more ludicrous.

In the scene where Hamlet quarrels with Laertes, saying:

What is the reason you use me thus?
I loved you ever—but it is no matter.
Let Hercules himself do what he may,
The cat will mew, the dog will have his day.

Foote desired to distinguish himself and entered into the quarrel with such spirit that the words completely deserted him.

"Let Hercules himself do what he may," began the actor, with great heat, "the dog will mew—no, that's the cat. The cat will bark—no, that's the dog! The dog will m—no, that's the cat again! The cat will—no, the dog—pshaw! It's something about mewing and barking," concluded the bewildered Foote in a profuse perspiration. "It's all about mewing and barking, ladies and gentlemen, but I know nothing more of the matter!"—Youth's Companion.

An Indian Baby Soother.

One of the strangest ways of inducing babies to sleep is prevalent in India, where the native mothers put their little ones' heads under a spout of water to get them a-slumbering and keep them quiet. There are a series of tiny spouts adjusted to the hill springs, and under each spout is a kind of earthen pillow and a little trough constructed to carry off the water. The restless child is placed upon this pillow in such a position that one of the spouts plays directly on the top of the head, the water trickling off into the trough and passing away. The process is most successful, and the babies seem to enjoy it, and the mothers say that the little ones are strengthened and benefited by this means. In fact, they assure, or endeavor to assure, the incredulous white mother that if a child is not subjected to this treatment daily it will grow up weakminded and good for nothing.

The Joys of Golf.

The fascinations of golf can only be learned by experience. It is difficult to explain them. It has its humorous and its serious side. It can be begun as soon as you can walk, and once begun it is continued as long as you can see. The very nature of the exercise gives length of days. Freedom of movement, swing of shoulder and that suppleness of which the glory had departed all return to the enthusiast. He has a confidence in his own ability which is sublime because it is justified by performance and that self control which chafes the ordinary adversary.—Henry E. Howland in Scribner's.

Boston Politeness.

The Observant Citizen of a Boston daily witnessed an interesting incident in a Boston electric. A young man was seated reading in a crowded electric car, and a fashionably dressed, elderly woman entered, accompanied by a pretty girl. The young man never looked up until the elder lady, touching his shoulder, said, honey sweet, "Would you kindly give my daughter your seat?" The young man looked at the young woman, who looked by no means ill or feeble, then raised his hat and said quietly, "No, madam."

He Wasn't.

"You oppose every movement of woman in politics," said the fair lobbyist, "and you speak sneeringly of the 'new woman.' Are you a misogynist?"

"'M—no," replied the representative from Egypt, scratching his chin. "I'm a bimetallist."—Chicago Tribune.

The Mosquito coast received its name from the Spaniards in allusion to the astonishing abundance of this pestiferous insect.

CUT OFF HIS BIG TOE.

An Old Negro Mistook His Toe For a Turtle's Head.

Yesterday a reporter sat on the wharf of Gretna in search of news. The little place had afforded no news on the day, and it looked as if his trip would not amount to much. Just then an old negro man came limping down the wharf. The reporter thought that perhaps the old man had been in a "scrap" and had been worsted, and he thought that he would get something that the police had failed to get. The old man came limping along and sat down, at the same time pulling out a big bandanna handkerchief and wiping the perspiration off his wrinkled face.

"Good morning, uncle," said the reporter. "You look as though you had been in a fight."

"Mornin, boss. No, sir, I ain't been in no fight in over 20 years."

"What's the matter with your leg? I noticed a limp in your walk."

"Dat was not did by a fight. Come over here, an I'll tell you how I came to have dis limp, an why all de people in Gretna call me Turkle. About six or seven years ago I was one of de bes' ditchers in dis part of de country. I had er reputation dat was hard to beat. I used to go over all de parishes ditchin for de planters, an in every mail I used to git letters axin me to come do some ditchin. Well, dat ain't de story.

"One day a man livin in dis town 'bout t'ree hundred yards from here come to my house 'bout t'ree o'clock in de mornin an axed me if I could ditch for him dat day. He said dat he had a good deal to do an wanted to get done wid it as soon as possible. I told him I'd be dere on time, an I was. Well, I went to work early dat mornin, an 'bout 10 o'clock I was purty cold an tired. I sat down awhile on de bank of de ditch an was restin. My feet hung in de water because it was colder on de bank dan de water was. I set dare 'bout 15 minutes when I looks in de water an see something stickin his head out like a turkle. Jes' as soon as I see dat turkle's head I wanted him bad. You know dare ain't many meats dat can beat turkle. De head dodged back under de water, an I got my spade an waited till he stuck up his head ergin. I didn't have to wait long, an I looked, an up jumped de head. I raised my spade sorter carefullike so I wouldn't scare him away. I kept raisin my spade, an den all of a sudden I brung it down right on de head of dat turkle. I felt a kind of pain when it struck, but I didn't pay much 'tention to dat. I run my hand in de water to get my turkle, an what you reckon I brought up? Well, you would never guess, but it was my big toe. I had cut it clean off at the joint.

"I guess you tink I am lyin, don't you? Well, if you don't believe me, you can ax anybody in Gretna, an dey will tell you de same thing. Dat's how I came to get dis limp. Well, dare comes de ferry. Good mornin, boss."

"Goodby, uncle," and the old man went limping away.—Atlanta Constitution.

A Famous Man Again Heard From.

Mgr. Capel is the Catesby of Disraeli's "Lothair" and converted Lord Bute to the Catholic faith.

He got under a cloud, however, in some way and was sent to the United States in a sort of exile. The clergy in this country did not take to him much, and he swung a lecturing tour circle, finally betaking himself to California, where he bought a large ranch and went in for raising fine horses and blooded stock generally. A priest who knows him well informs me that he has grown rich. Formerly the pink of perfection in dress, he has grown indifferent to his garb and dresses and looks like a typical ranchman. He is a man of rare culture and elegant accomplishments. He is of imposing presence and imperial bearing.

His dark, deep blue eye flashes from seemingly fathomless depths. His hand is as perfect as Trilby's foot, and he has a way of laying it across his manly chest that fetches the admiration of the ladies.—Cincinnati Commercial Gazette.

The Lucky Astor Baby.

In the grand new palace which John Jacob Astor has built on Fifth avenue the nurseries have received the greatest amount of attention and are really wonderful in their beauty and simplicity. Mrs. Astor does not like her little lad, William Vincent, far from her at any time, so one is not surprised to find them on the second floor. On one side of Mrs. Astor's magnificent bedroom is her boudoir, and on the Sixty-fifth street side, which is quieter, her room opens into the night nursery. Beyond that comes the day nursery, with its unequaled collection of every kind of toy which a boy of 3 can understand and enjoy. Besides the attention which his lovely young mother and his father find time to give him every day this young member of the Astor family has a trained nurse, a head nurse and a rosy cheeked nursery maid to care for his well being.—New York Journal.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R R BELLAMY. †

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup and take no other kind.

Cure for Headache.

As a remedy for all forms of Headache Electric Bitters has proved to be the very best. It effects a permanent cure and the most dreaded habitual sick headaches yield to its influence. We urge all who are afflicted to procure a bottle and give this remedy a fair trial. In cases of habitual constipation Electric Bitters cures by giving the needed tone to the bowels, and few cases long resist the use of this medicine. Try it once. Large bottles only Fifty cents at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. †

FRY

it in

Cottolene

Fry your food in Cottolene instead of lard and it will be free from that greasiness and "richness" so distressing to dyspeptics; the flavor will be delicious instead of rancid, and your food will *do you good.* Put it in a cold pan, heating it with the pan. Cottolene reaches the cooking point much quicker than lard—care should therefore be taken not to overheat it. Follow these instructions—you will never use lard again.

Genuine Cottolene has trade-marks—"Cottolene" and steer's head in cotton-plant wreath—on every tin. Made only by

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, St. Louis and Chicago.

nov 6 tf tu th sa change

All Railways to Be Trolleys

All railroads will be eventually operated electrically. The first changes from steam will probably be made and have, in fact, already begun, on short suburban roads where the traffic is heavy and the trains are run at frequent intervals, and thus approximate more closely to the ideal conditions of the economical electric railway. These electric spurs will then be gradually extended until in the course of time the entire line will be adapted to the new order of affairs, and a new generation of railroad officers, less wedded to the other methods, will have come into existence. So far as new, light railways are concerned, such as those contemplated in England at the present time, and which are rapidly increasing in the United States, electricity presents advantages which cannot be disputed. It has even been suggested that such agricultural roads might largely increase their income by supplying electric power for farming operations in the districts through which they pass. Some trolley roads do this now.—Scribner's.

Diversions of Spirit Life.

There is a woman in Atchison whose husband died some years ago. She once had a sweetheart, who also died. She is a spiritualist and claims that she married her sweetheart in the spirit, and that her husband's spirit is mad about it. She says her husband's spirit and her sweetheart's spirit are always fighting, and that hardly a day passes that they do not blacken each other's eyes. She says that she often sees the battles in the spirit land, and that one of them frequently gets the other down and pounds him.—Atchison Globe.

The Discovery Saved His Life.

Mr. G. Caillouette, Druggist, Beaversville, Ill., says: "To Dr. King's New Discovery I owe my life. Was taken with La Grippe and tried all the physicians for miles about, but of no avail and was given up and told I could not live. Having Dr. King's New Discovery in my store I sent for a bottle and began its use and from the first dose began to get better, and after using three bottles was up and about again. It is worth its weight in gold. We won't keep store or house without it." Get a free trial at R. R. Bellamy's Drug Store. †

Wholesale Prices Current.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—			
2-lb Jute		@	5¼
Standard	7¼	@	6¼
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ℔ lb	13½	@	14
Sides ℔ lb	8½	@	8½
Shoulders ℔ lb		@	7½
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ℔ lb	6½	@	6¾
Shoulders ℔ lb	6½	@	
BARRELS— Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each		@	1 15
New New York, each	1 35	@	1 40
New City, each		@	1 40
BEESWAX ℔ lb	....	@	25
BRICKS—			
Wilmington, ℔ M	6 50	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina, ℔ lb	15		
Northern	23	@	
CORN MEAL—			
Per bushel, in sacks		@	53
Virginia Meal	60	@	65
COTTON TIES— ℔ bundle		@	75
CANDLES—℔ lb—			
Sperm	18	@	25
Adamantine	9	@	10
CHEESE—℔ lb—			
Northern Factory	10	@	11
Dairy, Cream	11	@	12
State	....	@	10
COFFEE—℔ lb—	27	@	28
Laguyra	20	@	23
Rio	15	@	21
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard	6		6¼
Yarns, ℔ bunch	18	@	20
EGGS—℔ dozen		@	14
FISH—			
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ barrel	22 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ half-barrel	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ℔ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ℔ half-barrel	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ℔ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel	3 25	@	3 50
Mullets, ℔ pork barrel		@	6 50
N. C. Roe Herring ℔ keg	3 50	@	4 00
Dry Cod, ℔ lb	5	@	10
" Extra	3 25	@	3 50
FLOUR—℔ barrel—			
Low grade		@	3 00
Choice		@	4 00
Straight		@	3 75
First Patent		@	4 50
GLUE—℔ lb—	7½	@	10
GRAIN—℔ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bags—White		@	58
Corn, cargo, in bulk—White		@	54
Corn, cargo, in bags—White		@	54
Oats, from store		@	45
Oats, Rust Proof		@	40
Cow Peas		@	85
HIDES, ℔ lb—			
Green	....	@	46
Dry	....	@	8
HAY, ℔ 100 lbs—			
Eastern	....	@	1 00
Western		@	90
North River		@	85
HOOP IRON, ℔ lb	2	@	2¼
LARD, ℔ lb—			
Northern	6½	@	9
North Carolina	6½	@	10
LIME, ℔ barrel	....		1 25
LUMBER(city sawed) ℔ M feet—			
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00	@	20 00
Rough-Edge Plank	15 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	@	22 00
Scantling and Board, common	14 00	@	15 00
MOLASSES, ℔ gallon—			
New Crop Cuba, in hhds	....	@	23
" " " in bbls	....	@	28
Porto Rico, in hhds	25	@	27½
" " in bbls	25	@	30
Sugar-House, in hhds	13	@	14
" " in bbls	....	@	16
Syrup, in bbls	18	@	25
NAILS, ℔ keg, Cut, 60d basis		@	2 50
PORK, ℔ barrel—			
City Mess	14 00	@	14 50
Rump		@	13 50
Prime		@	14 00
ROPE, ℔ lb	10	@	22
SALT ℔ sack Alum	....	@	75
Liverpool	....	@	65
Lisbon	....	@	....
American	....	@	65
on 125 ℔ Sacks	45	@	50
SHINGLES 7-inch, ℔ M	5 00	@	7 00
Common	2 00	@	2 50
Cypress Saps	4 50	@	5 00
Cypress Hearts	....	@	7 50
SUGAR, ℔ lb—Standard Granu'd	4⅝	@	4¾
Standard A		@	4¼
White Ex. C		@	4¼
ExtraC, Golden	4	@	4⅛
C, Yellow		@	3¾
SOAP, ℔ lb—Northern	3¼	@	....
STAVES, ℔ M—W. O. Barrel	8 00	@	14
R. O. Hogshead	....	@	10 00
TIMBER, ℔ M feet—Shipping	[illegible]	@	9 00
Mill, Prime	[illegible]	@	7 00
Mill, Fair	5 50	@	4 50
Common Mill	4 00	@	3 50
Inferior to Ordinary	3 00	@	3 00
TALLOW, ℔ lb	5	@	
WHISKEY, ℔ gallon— Northern	1 00	@	2
North Carolina	1 00	@	2
WOOL, ℔ lb—Washed	14	@	
Clear of burs	12½	@	
Burry		@	

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, Sept. 16.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—Firm at 24¾ cents per gallon for country and 25¼ cents for machine-made casks.

ROSIN.—Market firm at $1 12½ per bbl for Strained, and $1 17½ for Good Strained.

TAR.—Market steady at $1 20 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market quiet at $1 10 for Hard, $1 60 for Yellow Dip and $1 80 for Virgin.

COTTON.—Market quiet.

Ordinary	5¼	cts ℔ lb
Good Ordinary	6½	" "
Low Middling	7 3-16	" "
Middling	7⅝	" "
Good Middling	7 15-16	" "

RECEIPTS.

Cotton	290	bales
Spirits Turpentine	107	casks
Rosin	124	bbls
Tar	184	bbls
Crude Turpentine	44	bbls

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, September 16.—Evening.—Money on call firmer at 2@2½ per cent., last loan at 2, and closing offered 2 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 4@4½ per cent. Sterling exchange quoted weaker; actual business in bankers' bills at 488½@488¾ for sixty days and 489½@489¾ for demand. Commercial bills 487½@488¼. Government bonds firmer; United States coupon fours 112½; United States twos 96½. State bonds quiet; North Carolina fours 102½; North Carolina sixes 125. Railroad bonds irregular.

Silver at the Stock Exchange to-day was dull.

COMMERCIAL.

NEW YORK, September 16—Evening Cotton quiet; middling gulf 8⅜c; middling 8⅛c.

Cotton futures to day closed steady September 7 81, October 7 83, November 7 90, December 7 97c, January 8 03, February 8 08, March 8 13, April 8 18, May 8 23. Sales 204,600 bales.

Cotton—net receipts 416 bales; gross 6,290 bales; exports to Great Britain 1,201 bales; to France — bales; to the Continent 700 bales; forwarded 1,564 bales; sales 252 bales, sales to spinners 152 bales; stock (actual) 162,897 bales.

Total to-day—Net receipts 16,869 bales; exports to Great Britain 1,201 bales; to France — bales; to the Continent 7,325 bales; stock 318,502 bales.

Total so far this week— Net receipts 28,188 bales; exports to Great Britain 1,201 bales; to France — bales, to the Continent 7,335 bales.

Total since September 16—Net receipts 88,843 bales; exports to Great Britain 20,542 bales; exports to France 376 bales; exports to the Continent 8,708 bales.

NEW YORK, September 16.—Evening.—Flour dull and weak; winter wheat, low grades $2 15@2 50; fair to fancy $2 60@3 25; patents $3 30@3 50; Minnesota clear $2 50@2 90; patents $3 10@4 00; low extra $2 15@2 50; city mills $3 75@4 00; do patents $3 90@4 15; Southern flour dull and weak; common to fair extra $2 00@2 70; good to choice $2 80@3 00. Wheat firmer and more active; No. 2 red in store and at elevator 61⅜c; afloat 61⅞@62c; options opened weak and sold off 1⅛c from Saturday's regular close, prices reacted sharply on talk of large gold deposits and local covering, closing firm at ¼@⅜c below Saturday, with trade light; No. 2 red September 61⅛c October 61¾; December 63⅝c; May 67⅛c. Corn more active and lower; No. 2 at elevator 37⅝c; afloat 38⅝c; options declined ⅛@1⅛c, reacting on local covering, and closing steady at ⅛@⅜c below Saturday; September 37⅛c; October 38⅛c; December 35⅝c; May 35⅛c. Oats dull and firm; options dull but steady; September 23¾; October 23⅛c; December 24⅛c, May 25⅛c; spot prices—No. 2 24c; No. 2 white 28⅛; mixed Western 25@27c. Hay was steady, with a moderate demand; shipping 65@70c; good to choice 85@90c. Wool was firm and quiet; domestic fleece 10@22c; pulled 15@34c. Beef was quiet and firm; family $9 00@12 00; extra mess $7 50@8 00; beef hams easy and quiet at $15 00; tierced beef strong; city extra India mess $16 50@17 00; cut meats dull and easy at prices; pickled bellies 6⅛c; shoulders 5c; hams 8¾@9c. Lard quiet and easy; Western steam $6 15; city $6 00; October $6 15 nominal; Jan'y $6 08, nominal; refined quiet; Continent $6 60; South America $6 95; compound $4 62½@5 00. Pork easy and quiet; mess $10 00@10 25. Butter firm; State dairy 12@19c; do creamery 20½@21c; Western dairy 9½@13c; Elgin 21c. Tallow quiet, about steady; city 4¼; country 4¼@4¾. Cotton seed oil firm; crude 24c; yellow prime 27c asked, do good off grades 26@26½c. Petroleum—refined New York $7 10; Philadelphia $7 05, do in bulk $4 55@4 60. Rice firm; domestic, fair to extra 3⅞@6c; Japan 3¾@4c. Molasses—foreign nominal; New Orleans, open kettle good to choice 26@32c; firm and in moderate demand. Peanuts quiet. Coffee steady and 5 to 10 points down; October $14 55; November $14 45; December $14 30@14 40; March $14 05; May $13 80. spot Rio dull but steady; No. 7 $15 75. Sugar—raw firmer and fairly active; fair refining 3@3⅛c; refined sugar fairly active and firm; off A 4@4⅛c; standard A 4 5-16@4⅛c; cut-loaf and crushed 4 15-16@5⅛c; crushed 4 15-16@5⅛c; granulated 4 11-16@4⅝c. Freights to Liverpool dull and nominal; cotton per steamer 3-32d; grain per steamer 2⅛d.

CHICAGO, September 16—Cash quotations: Flour dull and neglected; the feeling was weak; quotations were nominally easier. Wheat—No. 2 spring 56⅝@58⅛c; No. 2 red —. Corn—No. 2 31⅝@31⅞c. Oats—No. 2 19@19⅜c. Mess pork, per 100 bbls, $8 12½@8 25. Lard, per 100 lbs, $5 77½@5 80. Short rib sides, per 100 lbs $5 15@5 25. Dry salted shoulders boxed, per 100 lbs. $5 50@5 62½. Short clear sides, boxed, per 100 lbs, 6 00@6 25 Whiskey, per gallon, $1 22.

The leading futures ranged as follows—opening, highest, lowest and closing. Wheat—No. 2 September 56, 57, 55⅞, 56⅞; December 57⅛@57⅞, 58⅛, 56⅞, 58¼; May 61⅛@61⅞, 62⅝, 61, 62⅝c. Corn—September 31@31⅛, 31⅝, 30⅞, 41¼; October 30⅝, 30⅝@30⅞ 30⅛, 30⅝; December 27⅞, 28⅛, 27⅛, 28⅛; May 28⅞, 29⅛, 28⅜, 29c. Oats—No. 2 September 19⅛, 19⅛, 18⅝, 18⅝c; October 18⅛, 18⅛, 18⅜, 18⅜; May 20⅜, 20⅞, 20⅜, 20⅝c. Pork—per bbl, October $8 15, 8 15, 8 10, 8 10; January $9 40, 9 40, 9 30, 9 32½. Lard, per 100 lbs, October $5 80, 5 80, 5 77½, 5 77½; January 5 77½, 5 77½, 5 70, 5 72½. Short ribs, per 100 lbs, October $5 25, 5 27½, 5 12½, 5 15; January $4 82½ 4 82½, 4 77½, 4 80.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 16.—Flour dull; Western $2 20@2 40; do extra $2 50@2 75; do family $2 95@3 25; winter wheat patent $3 25@3 50; spring do do $3 40@3 70; do do straight $3 25@3 40. Wheat dull and easy—No. 2 red spot 59@59½c; September 59c bid; October 60@60½c; December 61⅝@62c. Steamer No. 2 red 56@56½c; Southern wheat by sample 58@60½c; do on grade 58½@59½c. Corn easy—mixed spot 39½@39½c; September 38½@38⅜c; October 38@38¼c asked; year 39⅜@39⅜c. January 38⅜c; Steamer mixed 37@37¼c; Southern white corn 39@40c; do yellow 40@41c. Oats steady and good inquiry—No. 2 white Western 26½@27c; No. 2 mixed do 24@24½c.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

Sept. 16.—Galveston, dull at 8c, net receipts 3,988 bales; Norfolk, easy at 7⅝, net receipts 519 bales; Baltimore nominal at 8⅛, net receipts — bales; Boston, quiet at 8⅛c, net receipts — bales; Wilmington, quiet at 7⅝c, net receipts 290 bales; Philadelphia, quiet at 8 7-16c, net receipts 285 bales; Savannah, easy at 7 5 16, net receipts 339 bales, New Orleans, dull at 7 13-16c, net receipts 5,985 bales; Mobile, quiet at 7 11 16, net receipts 349 bales; Memphis, steady at 7⅝, net receipts 348 bales; Augusta, steady at 7⅛c, net receipts 788 bales; Charleston firm at 7⅜c, buyers offering 7⅛c, net receipts 1,769 bales.

FOREIGN MARKETS.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LIVERPOOL, Sept. 16.—Noon.—Cotton moderate demand and prices easier. American middling 4 9-32d. Sales 8,000 bales, of which 6,900 bales were American; speculation and export 500 bales. Receipts 3,400 bales, all of which were American. Futures opened steady and demand poor. American middling (l m c) September and October 4 14-64d; October and November 4 13-64d; November and December 4 13-64d; December and January 4 14-64d; January and February 4 16-64@4 15-64d; March and April 4 18-64d. Futures steady at the decline.

Tenders of cotton for delivery to day were 2,000 bales new dockets.

4 P M—American middling fair, 4 27-32d; good middling 4 13-32d; low middling 4⅛d; good ordinary 4d; ordinary 3 13-16d. September 4 11-64@4 12 64d; September and October 4 11-64@4 12 64d; October and November 4 11-64d; November and December 4 11-64@4 12-64d; December and January 4 12-64@4 13 64d; January and February 4 13-64@4 14-64d; February and March 4 15 64d; March and April 4 16-64@4 17-64d; April and May 4 17-64@4 18-64d; May and June 4 19 64d; June and July 4 20 64@21-64d.

MARINE.

ARRIVED.

Nor barque Bygdo, 518 tons, Gunnufsen, Havre,

Stmr Frank Sessoms, Robinson, Fayetteville, R R Love.

Schr Mary B Judge, 448 tons, Morris, Philadelphia, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Steam tug Commodore, 99 tons, Dillon, New London, for Carthegenia, put in for coal.

Schr Douglas, Gregory, 589 tons, Stillwell, Baltimore.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in the Port of Wilmington, N. C., Sept. 17, 1895.

SCHOONERS.

Belle Hooper, 451 tons, Hall, Geo Harriss Son & Co.

Maggie Abbott, McIntosh, 224 tons, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

W & H Wetherspoon (Br), 164 tons Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

BARQUES.

Walle (Nor), 591 tons, Johnsen, Heide & Co

Chimae (Nor), 428 tons, Samuelsen, Heide & Co.

W. E. SPRINGER & CO.,

Purcell Building,

Wilmington, N. C

Are now handling a few additional lines, such as

ICE CREAM FREEZERS,

WATER COOLERS

COOK STOVES,

RANGES,

Garden Hose

Lawn Mowers.

They undoubtebly have the finest Cream Freezer and the lowest price Lawn Mowers ever brought to this market.

GOOD GOODS and SQUARE DEALING is their motto with those they sell to as well as those from whom they buy.

14 North Front Street,

Wilmington, N. C.

ap 28tf

Seasonable Goods

In store, and arriving daily, a choice selection of seasonable goods. We have on hand

RAISINS of every variety, from 8c to 25c per pound.

CITRON, from 15c to 25c per lb.

CURRENTS, all prices, all grades.

NUTS, all prices, all grades.

We would like to call special attention to our assortment of the above goods.

CHEESE—Switzer, Roquefort, Neufchetel, Framage de Bric, Edam, Pineapple, English Dairy and American Cream. All fresh and of finest quality.

Plum Pudding and Mince Meat.

Cakes and Crakers. A beautiful variety of all kinds, too great an assortment to specify. Will have to be seen to be appreciated.

The above are only a few of our specialties. Our assortment is complete and we invite all to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

With four wagons we can deliver promptly.

THE JOHN L. BOATWRIGHT CO

WILMINGTON N. C.

Telephone No. 14. dec 9 tf

DUCRO'S ALIMENTARY ELIXIR

IS HIGHLY RECOMMENDED AS

A REMEDY FOR LUNG DISEASES

AND AS A

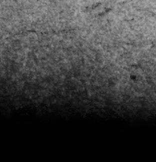
Preventive for Typhoid, Malarial

Agts: E. FOUGERA & CO., New York

sep 1 1y tu eow

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.

PENNYROYAL PILLS



Original and Only Genuine. SAFE, always reliable. LADIES ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, Sold by all Local Druggists. Philada., Pa.

ap 4 D & W 6m th sa tu

Children Cry

FOR PITCHER'S

Castoria

Castoria promotes Digestion, and overcomes Flatulency, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, and Feverishness. Thus the child is rendered healthy and its sleep **natural. Castoria** contains no Morphine or other narcotic property.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M.D., 111 South Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"I use Castoria in my practice, and find it specially adapted to affections of children." ALEX. ROBERTSON, M.D., 1057 2d Ave., New York.

THE CENTAUR CO., 77 Murray St., N. Y.

What is Castoria

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Do not be imposed upon, but insist upon having Castoria, and see that the fac-simile signature of is on the wrapper. We shall protect ourselves and the public at all hazards.

Chas. H. Fletcher

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 Murray Street, N. Y.

A LADY'S TOILET

Is not complete without an ideal

COMPLEXION POWDER.

POZZONI'S

Combines every element of beauty and purity. It is beautifying, soothing, healing, healthful, and harmless, and when rightly used is invisible. A most delicate and desirable protection to the face in this climate.

Insist upon having the genuine.

IT IS FOR SALE EVERYWHERE.

feb 4 1y

Wants.

One Cent a Word.

Advertisements under this heading—Help and Situations Wanted, For Rent, For Sale, Lost and Found, One Cent a word each insertion. But no advertisement taken for less than Twenty cents. my 26 tf

FOR MAN AND BEAST!

Mexican Mustang Liniment

CURES

Sciatica,	Scratches,	Contracted Muscles,
Lumbago,	Sprains,	Eruptions,
Rheumatism,	Strains,	Hoof Ail,
Burns,	Stitches,	Screw Worms,
Scalds,	Stiff Joints,	Swinney,
Stings,	Backache,	Saddle Galls,
Bites,	Galls,	Piles.
Bruises,	Sores,	
Bunions,	Spavin	
Corns,	Cracks.	

THIS GOOD OLD STAND-BY

accomplishes for everybody exactly what is claimed for it. One of the reasons for the great popularity of this Mustang Liniment is found in its universal applicability. Everybody needs such a medicine.

The Lumberman needs it in case of accidents.
The Housewife needs it for general family use.
The Canaller needs it for his teams and his men.
The Mechanic needs it always on his work bench.
The Miner needs it in case of emergency.
The Pioneer needs it—can't get along without it.
The Farmer needs it in his house, his stable, and his stock yard.
The Steamboat man or the Boatman needs it in liberal supply afloat and ashore.
The Horse-fancier needs it—it is his best friend and safest reliance.
The Stock-grower needs it—it will save him thousands of dollars and a world of trouble.
The Railroad man needs it and will need it so long as his life is a round of accidents and dangers.
The Backwoodsman needs it. There is nothing like it as an antidote for the dangers to life, limb and comfort which surround the pioneer.
The Merchant needs it about his store among his employees. Accidents will happen, and when these come the Mustang Liniment is wanted at once.
Keep a Bottle in the House. 'Tis the best of economy.
Keep a Bottle in the Factory, for immediate use in case of accident saves pain and loss of wages.
Keep a Bottle Always in the Stable for use when wanted.

The Morning Star.

HEIRLOOMS.

This ivory casket, jewel set,
That grandma cherished to the last,
Its satin, sweet with mignonette,
Contains the treasures of her past.
She was a famous belle when young,
For she herself has told me so,
And when her wedding chimes were rung
Full many a heart was wrung with woe.

I lift the lid and scan them o'er—
Dear souvenirs—with reverent gaze.
It is like opening the door
Of grandma's heart in other days.
If each could tell its own sweet tale!
But all are silent now as she,
And darkness shrouds the narrow vale
'Twixt memory and mystery.

Here is the chain that round her throat
Was fastened at the king's command.
Here is the letter grandpa wrote
When he besought her for her hand.
Here is the locket, pierced, that chanced
To save him from a British gun,
And here a glove, worn when she danced
The minuet with Washington.

I know no more. I only know
She loved each one as some old friend,
And that, because she willed it so,
I, too, shall guard them to the end.
She gave no gold to mine or me,
But left instead a heavy debt
Of love that keeps her memory
As fragrant as the mignonette.

—Arthur Grissom in Truth.

A TALE OF THE HEART

I was so beautiful, every one said.

Some enthusiasts called me a dream, a bit of painted poetry, an ideal face and many more extravagant expressions, but all agreed I was beautiful.

I have laughed softly to myself many times, when the little velvet case has been closed tightly over me, to think how little they knew about it.

If they could have seen her!

She had all that I lacked, the life, the rich coloring, the changing expression of the starry eyes; her whole piquant, sparkling self changeful as a chameleon. Of course, I did very well as a representation, as well as a bit of cold, dead, painted ivory could.

I had her features, her hair and eyes, and a little of her coloring, for a master's hand had fashioned me. I tried my best, at times, to put on her expression when people looked at me, but my lips could never be coaxed out of their everlasting smile, try as I would.

When I was first brought home, she was 18 years old. I was a birthday gift, and a very dainty affair I really was, set in a delicate ornamentation of gold and a case of pale blue velvet. She had a quaint, pretty fashion of talking to me, as if I were her second self.

She would whisper her thoughts, often breaking off in the middle of a sentence as if she knew I would understand her, as indeed I did, better than she did herself.

She was singularly gifted, possessing a voice of rare beauty, a rich, intense contralto.

At the time of which I speak she was the most popular young singer of the day, feted and courted everywhere.

A brilliant future was predicted for her.

Often I have lain on the little onyx table near her. When her glorious voice would swell through the rooms, I have exerted all my strength to join with her, but the only result of my efforts would be a tiny creaking of the velvet case, a sound with really no harmony at all.

Among the frequent guests at her home was a man, a young man of splendid physique, though that failed to impress me as did the open candor of his face, the honesty and truth in the clear gray eyes.

In fact, I felt myself singularly drawn to him.

There was a certain bond of sympathy between us, for the very first time I saw him in her company I knew the young fellow loved her.

His every look revealed it—at least to me—though he was never presuming in his attentions, as were many of the others. But his voice always seemed softer when addressing her, and his honest eyes never left her face.

Often, at the end of some beautiful song the others have applauded stormily, he has sat in perfect silence, making no sign that he has heard her music.

A little pained, wondering look would creep into her eyes as she would glance at him sitting so stolidly there. At first I felt quite angry with him, thinking, as did she, he was simply indifferent to it all.

One day I happened to be in a cabinet so close to him I could hear his breathing. It was early twilight, and she had been singing some plaintive thing in harmony with the dying day. Exclamations of "Exquisite!" "Glorious!" filled the rooms as her voice died into silence. He sat as mute as a stone. I felt like tumbling off on to his head, reminding him of his duty, when the quecrest sound reached my ear, a sound expressive of keenest sorrow and agony.

I did not know then what it meant, but I have heard since, and I know now it can only be wrung from a man by the most heartfelt, crushing misery.

It seems they had always known each other—that is, ever since she was a tiny maid, round and brown as a gypsy. He had always been her chosen knight, repelling the overtures of the less favored youths in her pretty, imperious way. There was talk of her going away to study. Finally it was decided. She was wildly happy; the future held so much for her.

She laughed merrily at his sober face when she told him of her plans, but her eyes wore a troubled look, and the laughter had a tremulous little quiver as she bade him goodby.

"Only for a short time," she whispered. "I shall be at home so often."

I lay on the music stand on which his hand rested while talking to her. I cannot think what tempted him. I felt his fingers touch me, then close firmly over me. When he held her hand at parting, I was tightly in his left.

Watching his opportunity he slipped me into his pocket and away I went with him.

I was very indignant, for I had counted so much on my new life with her in the great city, and here I was to be denied all this by this dishonest young man.

If it had been any one else's pocket but his, I would have stoutly resented being carried about in such close quarters; but, lying there, so near his heart that every beat made me move uneasily, I grew to understand the young fellow as well as I had her.

At last New York swallowed her completely, as it does so many talented young people who seek its width and breadth, hoping to gain there a strong foothold denied them in smaller cities.

News reached us from time to time—little flurries and drifts of her growing success and popularity.

One night he came home from the office early.

I knew from his quick breathing he was excited, and I burned with curiosity to know the cause.

I was always so fearful of some business calamity overtaking him; he was such a hardworking young fellow. I should have broken my heart had it happened. It seemed as if we would never reach home. Speaking cheerily to his mother, he went at once to his room.

Then I knew I should know all about it, for he drew me hurriedly from his pocket and looked at me with such searching eyes. There was a look in them I never saw before, such a wild, yearning look. I tried to make mine look kindly at him, and I think I must have succeeded, for he whispered, "Dear eyes! dark and deep as my love for you!"

Then he told me how he had seen her pictures paraded in the store windows that day heading an advertisement for her appearance in her own native city, very soon—the following week, I believe.

He said the face seemed changed somehow. She wore a low cut dress, her beautifully dimpled shoulders and arms laid bare to the gaze of the masses.

He longed to draw the drapery closer. The artist must have exaggerated! She never would have worn so immodest a gown. I shook myself a little to let him know I felt sure she never would have done so, but in my heart I was fearful. Girls are so apt to let their vanity overrule, and she was so beautiful—so beautiful!

It was as much that as her voice which had taken New York by storm, and now she was to visit her native city.

The night of the concert was ushered in by a tremendous snowstorm, but in spite of all the great theater was crowded, and with the elite.

I was there in the pocket of his new coat. I could hardly catch a note of the orchestra, his heart beat so.

I was proud of him; he looked so handsome. I know others thought so too. At least many girlish glances were cast in his direction, but his thoughts were beyond the footlights.

When at last she appeared amid great applause, he was the only one silent.

But his gaze took her in from the crown of her charming head to the tip of her tiny gilt slipper.

A dull red glow suffused his cheek where, a moment before, he was pale as death. He set his teeth together and drew in his breath convulsively. I did not blame him, for there she stood—charming beyond words, bowing smilingly to the audience, her sweet face daintily flushed, her eyes glowing. There was an air about her entirely new. I couldn't quite make out what it was, but somehow I felt saddened.

The artist had not exaggerated. Her shoulders and arms were bare, and what little was hidden gleamed through the sheer golden gauze of her gown. I listened in amazement to her singing. The rich, full notes of Italian arias or the sweet English ballad fell from her lips like liquid jewels.

She was literally showered with roses.

At the close a party of old friends gathered about her as she appeared, wrapped in her long cloak of softest white fur.

He did not stay, but pressed quickly out, his soft hat pulled low over his troubled eyes.

I pressed close to his side, for it was a cold night.

I think he must have felt the chill bitterly, for there were big tears in his eyes when he reached his quiet room—such tears as one sees in the eyes of children when pierced by the winter wind.

Her visit was but a flying one—one day of rest, and then away.

The night of her departure he called upon her. The parlor was full of young people, so their greeting was merely a handclasp.

A few commonplace remarks followed, then farewells were said, and he was out in the winter night again, recalling every word she had spoken, even the inflection of her voice; but, above all, the appealing look in the dear eyes he fancied he saw there.

Though maybe it was but fancy and so best forgot.

He had not a spark of vanity, or he might have known that there were few to compare with him, poor though he was.

I understood the look in her eyes better than he. How her face lighted up when he was ushered in; then, again, the look of keen disappointment when he left her with only a touch of the hand.

Oh, these tiresome young people! How they work at cross purposes!

She, breaking her heart in the great, gay city, for the old life was so dear, so dear, longing with infinite longing for "the touch of a vanished hand."

What can a woman do but wait, though the waiting be long and chill the heart? He with stern, proud face and aching heart, plunging into his work, never resting, every day finding him a little higher up the ladder, a little nearer the limit of his ambition.

I was much concerned for him in those days, he was so unlike himself. I saw but little of him, for he seldom looked at me now, and when he did it was only to speak unkind words.

The month he always thought so tender he said now wore cruel, hard lines; the eyes he always called so true were now treacherous ones.

I was cut to the heart; still, I felt what he said to be mere words; he could not mean them.

One night when talking in this fashion he dropped me on the table, burying his face in his hands; his sobs shook me uneasily. It was awful to see his grief. Suddenly he sprang to his feet, bringing his clinched fist down upon the slender stand, and cried:

"From this night I shall be a man; I will never willingly give her a thought. She never cared for me or she would have made some sign.

"Silly fool that I am! Let her go!" he cried savagely, thrusting me into a small upper drawer, where I lay for many a weary day, seeing no one, utterly alone and forsaken.

I never saw him now save as he came to the drawer for a handkerchief. I touched his hand at these times, softly and tenderly as I could, for I wanted him to know I still loved him, and did not resent his treatment.

Once or twice he raised me hesitatingly, and dropped me again as if afraid to look. I would never have known him; the change in him shocked me beyond expression; his face bore traces of suffering. On Christmas day he opened the drawer, placing some daintily initialed handkerchiefs within. They bore the odor of violets and were tied with violet ribbons, while a tiny white card nestled in one corner, bearing the name, "Adelaid."

So there was an Adelaid! Who was she, and what was she to him?

He had no sister, no cousin. Could it be—no! I would not believe it. He never could forget her!

A few delicately penciled notes were placed with the handkerchiefs from time to time. One, an acceptance to his invitation to the theater, signed "Adelaid." Another, refusing to ride with him. She was jealous of her! The third and last ran thus:

Yes, I will show you how true a girl can be, though she was false as only a vain woman of the world can be. But you must promise me never to speak to her again. I will not have people pitying me. If you could only know how happy I am in your love! By the way, have I your love? Now I think of it, you never told me so. I loved you so dearly it seemed all that was necessary. Tell me I have that, or I shall die! It would kill me to lose you now. Your ADELAID.

How I felt when I read those letters no one can tell.

They were her death warrant and his. Oh, the foolish young people! And I lying helpless, waiting idly for something to happen to smooth matters between them.

I spoke my mind pretty freely to the letters. They defended their mistress fiercely, told me what a sweet little creature she was and how much she was in love with him; how he was her first lover, and she had given him her whole heart.

So was he her first lover. What was this girl compared to her?

"Adelaid was an orphan," they argued; "had neither father nor mother, was so alone she needed some one to love her." I asked them to look upon my face and tell me if she were as lovely.

They called me a "conceited thing," but could not say she bore any comparison to her. I knew it!

There are few such faces. There was more than mere beauty there. A beautiful soul in a beautiful body is a jewel fitly shrined.

One night he opened the drawer and hastily took up a handkerchief. I slipped quietly between the folds, nearly dying for fear I should be discovered.

But I was not. He put me into his inner pocket, my old place, and glad I was to be there once more.

He was dressing to go out. I grew quite excited, for now I knew I should probably see this "Adelaid."

How I longed to press close to his side and attract his attention.

I felt if he once looked upon me this "Adelaid" would be forgotten.

Such a power had her face still over him. But I dare not make a sign.

I found it was early spring as we walked through the streets.

I had lost all traces of time during my long imprisonment, and was surprised to see the tiny green leaves on the trees which had borne so heavy a foliage of snow when last I was out.

We walked through a strange neighborhood, stopping at last before a great house, lights twinkling from the windows. A colored servant ushered him in. He entered with the easy familiarity of one at home.

Soon I heard light footsteps, a girl entered and was at his side in an instant. "You are a dear, good fellow to take me! You deserve a kiss!" which she bestowed, and which was received most coolly by him, I thought.

"Adelaid, are you determined to go tonight?"

"Oh, I would not miss it for worlds! It's the event of the season. Every one is going, and besides I want"— Here she paused and colored furiously.

"Well?"

"I want her to see me with you."

"But you say she knows. Isn't that enough?"

"No!" impatiently. "I want her to see. I want to see how she will take it."

"The cruel monster! I would have liked well enough to pinch her pink cheeks between my covers for her impudence.

"Very well," he says wearily. "Have your way." And they arose to go.

I don't know as I can trust myself to describe her.

I wish to be perfectly accurate. My impression was of one with a narrow little soul, though I may be wrong.

She had auburn hair, I know; grayish eyes, rather large and pretty with a sort of babyish prettiness.

A small mouth, whose thin lips closed sometimes like a vice, but were generally curved in becoming pouts.

I did not like her; I knew I never should. She was like a little spikey thistle beside a great blooming fragrant rose compared to her.

As they passed down the steps, she said, nestling her little chin into the soft depths of her sealskin coat, for the air was still chill: "How happy I am tonight! Are not you?" with a wicked little gleam in her grayish eyes. "Perfectly," he makes answer.

She was here, and to sing tonight, it seemed, in the elegant new church which had taken the place of the more unpretentious one they had always attended.

They had promised long ago to do this—so long ago I had quite forgotten it. I listened eagerly to the conversation. It was all on her side, his replies being brief. She chattered of her singing, her success in New York, her elegant gowns, until his face grew quite savage.

"Please change the subject, Adelaid. You know men are seldom interested in women's doings."

"But tell me," she persists, "is she so beautiful?"

"Very," he answered tersely.

"More so than I?" she goes on.

"You are of a different type, Adelaid," he says evasively.

Then they enter the vestibule of the church, and she is forced to be silent. It is the opening of the new edifice. Every one with any pretensions to the claims of society is there.

It is very quiet, save for the soft rustle of silken skirts sweeping down the aisles or the swaying of a fan.

The pulpit is transformed into a bower with palms and flowers. The mellow lights from above cast their rays soft as moonlight on the scene.

They are seated midway down the aisle, under the full glare of the lights. It is warm. He draws out his handkerchief to wipe the moisture from his lips. I came with it, trembling with terror, for I knew I was falling and expected to be crushed on the floor.

But I struck his knee. He paused and looked down, astonished, muttering something I could not quite hear.

He covered me with his hand, but not before Adelaid saw me.

"What a pretty case! Is it a portrait?" she asks, holding out her gloved hand.

"It's nothing!" he answers huskily, trying nervously to put me in his pocket. But her nimble fingers close around me. They feel sharp and hard as knives. I resist her efforts to open me as long as possible.

Finally he is compelled to and hands me silently to her, his face as white as a dead man's.

"Oh!" she gasps. Her eyes become riveted to mine. How I stare at her, I hate her so!

She looked at me long and searchingly; then handed me back to him without one word.

Just then the new organ burst out in fullest harmony, the rich, deep tones swelling and rolling through the aisles, dying away in tender, heartbreaking chords.

Then the weird notes of a violin played by a master's hand blended with it, until the whole air seemed filled with floating angels.

I felt his fingers tremble, then tighten their grasp on me. Feeling a soft splash of something warm, I looked up startled, only to see another drop coming.

That settled on his knee and was instantly brushed away.

The misery on his face was terrible. I had to assert all my self control or I should have broken into a tremendous wail.

No one saw his emotion; every one was listening intently to the music.

The last notes were still trembling on the air when a burst of applause shook the church. She stood there, smiling and bowing gracefully right and left.

Again I am unable to describe her. Words cannot paint the rich coloring, the glowing, sparkling eyes, the masses of soft dark hair framing the fair sweet face, the swaying, graceful figure clad in clinging white, the shimmer of satin gleaming through; there were diamonds on her rounded neck and in her hair.

After a moment of breathless silence she burst into song; a happy, rollicking thing, for she was happy to be in the old place once more and to see all the familiar home faces around her.

At the close she was recalled, responding graciously.

This time a sweet old love song rang through the church.

She had nearly finished when I saw her look in our direction. There was a quick little catch in her voice; she looked again, as if unable to remove her eyes. I thought she was about to break down, but she finished, though I could see the effort it cost her.

She did not look again in our direction. I do not think any one but myself detected the little quiver of her sweet lips as she bowed herself out.

Adelaid said not a word; sitting bolt upright, her lips brought together in a little red line.

He sat with downcast face, dreaming unwillingly of days gone by. Their memory was keenest pain, and he would fain have forgotten, but her sweet presence aroused all the fierce fire he had believed was so skillfully buried, and he felt like a man starving for food, with abundance in sight.

Such a fierce hatred sprang up in his heart for the girl at his side; at the time I was afraid he might strike her dead.

His eyes looked it, so I touched his hand softly to remind him where he was.

Drawing himself up with a shudder he folded his arms tightly across his breast.

How my heart ached for them both! If I could only have spoken, how I would have straightened things out for them. The rest of the musical numbers glided on smoothly.

He longed, yet dreaded her reappearance. At last she came, more charming and sparkling than before.

Her eyes swept the great audience smilingly, then rested calmly on Adelaid, causing her to color uncomfortably, then on the man at her side.

Their eyes met. No one knows the story each read there, or whether either understood. Still smiling down at him, she began to sing in a voice clear and sweet as a bell, with an unearthly sadness running all through. She had chosen her song well and sang with her whole soul, "Have You Forgot?"

The words out into his heart.

When the audience arose to go, he aroused himself, with a sigh, to assist Adelaid into her wraps, and together they passed out.

No word was spoken until her home was reached.

"I have something to ask you," she says hurriedly as they ascend the steps. "Did she mean that song for you?"

"How should I know?" he answers wearily. "It is not likely she troubled herself to select a song for me."

She looks at him quizzically. Her eyes had a little yellow gleam I had learned to dread.

"No; it's not likely," she assents, "but you—have you forgot?"

"I have not forgotten you are my promised wife. Will not that satisfy you?"

She is silent for a moment.

"Where is the picture?" she asks after a time. "Let me see it."

Reluctantly he takes me from his pocket.

"Will you prove your love for me by giving me this," she asks, looking him full in the face, "to do with as I wish?"

He hesitates for a moment.

Why not, it is all over with him now? He is bound to this girl at his side.

Why not make her at least happy? His memory can still be his own.

He places me in her hand.

With a swift movement, she flings me far out into the dark night.

Sighing with relief she goes close to him, as if expecting a caress, but he stands as if carved from stone.

After he left her that night he crossed the street where he saw me fall, and groped patiently about, picking at every small object he saw.

He could not bear to think of me lying out in the cold, and storm and dark; it seemed like hurting her.

I was caught snugly in the branches of a hedge; I knew he would never find me. I twisted and wriggled, but still stuck fast. After a long search, he at last abandoned it and walked home feeling, somehow, lonelier than ever before.

I had seemed so a part of her.

From my prison I saw him enter and leave Adelaid's home frequently.

Such a hunted looked as his eyes wore.

—M. E. B. in Hartford Times.

The Youngest Son, English.

Scodd-Paston was less reticent about the worldly status of himself and his family than might have been expected. He treated the subject in a broad, free fashion, with great pretense to openness. Few apprehended the general and essential cautiousness of his disclosures. Most people fell easily enough into the notion that so much frank jocularity had no other object than to entertain them. The young man was doubtless exaggerating, possibly inventing.

"Absurd situation, isn't it?" he would set forth in his large and genial way. "Poor father! Six girls to be married off and five boys to start in life—quite as bad. One in the army, one in the navy, one in the church, one in the civil service and one in America. No other way. Somebody had to come to America—the youngest naturally, and here he is."—"With the Procession," Henry B. Fuller.

Samuel Johnson's Preciseness.

Goldsmith and Boswell and Johnson having met at the usual hour at the chophouse, Boswell observed that he had just encountered the Prince of Wales on the street.

"Do you think," asked Goldsmith, turning to Johnson, "that the Prince of Wales will ever be king?"

"It is impossible!" retorted the great doctor. "Utterly impossible!"

"Why do you think so?" asked Boswell.

"Why, condemn you!" roared the doctor, getting red in the face. "Why, because, sir, the minute he gets to be king he ceases to be Prince of Wales."

Tea and Eggs.

I recall a colored waiter at a queer little hotel in Alabama, who asked a friend of mine:

"Will you have tea or coffee?"

"Tea."

"Store tea or sasser tea?"

"What's that?"

"Store tea or sasser tea?"

"What d'ye mean by sasser tea?"

"Sassafras tea—good for de blood."

"Give me store tea. I want meals, not medicine."

And another who asked:

"How you have your eggs?"

"Soft boiled."

The waiter disappeared and returned.

"Boss, I don't believe you'd care for dem eggs boiled. Better have 'em mixed up wid a ham omelet."

No eggs were ordered.—Polly Pry in New York Recorder.

Milton's Works.

Milton regarded the "Paradise Regained" as infinitely superior to the "Paradise Lost" and once expressed great surprise that any one should entertain a contrary opinion. He said that of all his works the poem "On the Morning of Christ's Nativity" was his best. It was his earliest, being written in 1629, when he was 21 years of age.

Mrs. Frances Lybrand.

Mrs. Frances Lybrand of Ohio has been on the examiners' corps in the civil engineering department of the patent office at Washington for about ten years. She is a majestic looking woman, with a force of character that would ennoble her to construct a railroad, if need were, and she has the knowledge to do it.

The age of protection for girls in Missouri has been raised from 14 to 18 years. In the house 11 men voted against it; in the senate only three. Governor Stone signed the bill.

Miss Ellen Spencer, said to have been the first woman who taught school in Illinois, died recently at Jacksonville, lacking but a trifle of being 100 years old.

Emily Malone Morgan, a young Connecticut novelist, devotes the proceeds of her literary work to giving working girls a summer holiday.

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June 8 1m

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Trains leave Princess street Station at 6.30 and 10.10 a. m., and 5.00 and 6.30 p. m.

Trains leave Ocean View at 7.30 a. m., 11.00 a. m., 5.30 and 9.30 p. m.

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A M	Lv., Mulberry street ..Ar	P M
8 30		6 30
10 34	Lv., Jacksonville Lv	4 25
11 07	Lv., Maysville.....Lv	3 51
11 28	Lv., Pollocksville.....Lv	3 26
12 01	Ar., Newbern Lv	3 00
P M		P M

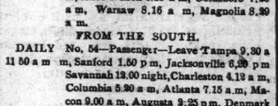
Trains 8 and 7 p m make connection with trains on A. & N. C. R. R. to Morehead City and Beaufort.

Steamers on New River leave Marine's daily except Sunday, at 6.30 a m; arrive Jacksonville at 9 30 a m; returning leave Jacksonville 3.00 p m, arriving Marine's 6 p m.

H. A. WHITING, General Manage

J. W. MARTIN, Traffic Manager. sep 1 tf

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.



SCHEDULE IN EFFECT SEPT 8, 1895.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTHBOUND.

DAILY No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.56 a m, Warsaw 11.10 a m, Goldsboro 12.05 a m, Wilson 1.00 p m, Rocky Mount 2.33 p m, Tarboro 3.48 p m, Weldon 3.39 p m, Petersburg 5.43 p m, Richmond 6.45 p m, Norfolk 6.05 p m, Washington 11.10 p m. Baltimore 12.48 a m, Philadelphia 3.45 a m, New York 6.53 a m, Boston 8.00 p m.

DAILY 7.00 P M No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.31 p m, Warsaw 8.45 p m, Goldsboro 9.40 p m, Wilson 10.27 p m, †Tarboro 6.58 a m, Rocky Mount 12.07 p m, Weldon 12.55 a m, †Norfolk 10.35 a m, Petersburg 2.37 a m, Richmond 3.40 a m, Washington 7.00 a m, Baltimore 8.30 a m, Philadelphia 10.46 a m, New York 1.33 p m, Boston 8.30 p.m.

SOUTHBOUND:

DAILY 3.30 P M No. 35—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.45 p m, Chadbourn 5.17 p m, Marion 6.34 p m, Florence 7.05 p m, Atkin 8.11 p m, Sumter 8.38 p m, Columbia 10.00 p m, Denmark 6.11 a m, Augusta 8.00 a m, Macon 11.00 a m, Atlanta 12.15 p m, Charleston 10.55 p m, Savannah 1.19 a m, Jacksonville 7.00 a m. St. Augustine 12.00 noon, Tampa 5.30 p m.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.45 P M No. 47—Passenger—Leave Boston 1.00 p m, New York 9.00 p m, Philadelphia 12.08 a m, Baltimore 3.50 a m, Washington 4.30 a m, Richmond 9.05 a m, Petersburg 10.00 a m, Norfolk 8.40 a m, Weldon 11.53 a m, Tarboro 12.20 p m, Rocky Mount 1.05 p m, Wilson 2.18 p m, Goldsboro 3.10 p m, Warsaw 4.02 p m, Magnolia 4.16 p m.

DAILY 10.00 a m No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 11.00 p m, New York 9.00 a m, Philadelphia 11.38 a m, Baltimore 2.18 p m, Washington 3.30 p m, Richmond 7.18 p m, Petersburg 7.54 p m, †Norfolk 9.10 p m, Weldon 9.37 p m, †Tarboro 5.50 p m, Rocky Mount 10.30 p m, arrive Wilson 11.08 p m, leave Wilson 6.35 a m, Goldsboro 7.30 a m, Warsaw 8.16 a m, Magnolia 8.30 a m.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 11 50 a m No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 9.30 a m, Sanford 1.50 p m, Jacksonville 6.20 p m Savannah 12.00 night, Charleston 4.12 a m, Columbia 5.30 a m, Atlanta 7.15 a m, Macon 9.00 a m, Augusta 2.25 p m, Denmark 4.17 p m, Sumter 6.43 a m, Atkin 7.14 a m, Florence 8.35 a m, Marion 9.06 a m, Chadbourn 10.10 a m, Lake Waccamaw 10.39 a m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.45 p m, Halifax 4.05 p m, arrive Scotland Neck 6.55 p m, Greenville 6.37 p m, Kinston 7 35 p m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.50 a m, Greenville 8.39 a m, Arriving Halifax at 11 00a m, Weldon 11.20 a m, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 7.00 a. m., arrive Parmele 8.40 a. m., Tarboro 9 50; am returning leaves Tarboro 4 40 p m; Parmele 5.10 p. m arrives Washington 7.35 p. m. Daily except Sunday Connects at Parmele with trains on Scotland Neck Branch.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, at 4.50 p m; Sunday 8.00 p m; arrive Plymouth 9 00 p m, 5 25 p m, Returning, leave Plymouth daily except Sunday 6.00 a m, Sunday 9 37 a m; Arrive Tarboro 10 25 a m and 11 45 a m.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 6 05 a m; arrive Smithfield N. C., 7.30 a m. Returning, leaves Smithfield, N. C., 8 00 a m; arrive Goldsboro, N. C., 9 30 a m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p m, arrives Nashville 5.05 p m, Spring Hope 5.30 p m. Returning leaves Spring Hope 8 a m, Nashville 8 35 a m; arrive Rocky Mount 9 05 a m, daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton Daily except Sunday at 4.10 p m; returning leave Clinton at 7.30 a m.

Trains on South and North Carolina Railroad leave Elliott 7.00 p m, arrive Bishopville 7 30 p m. Lucknow 8.10 p m, returning leave Lucknow 6.30 a m, Bishopville 7 00 a m; arrive Elliott 7 38 a m, Daily except Sunday.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 8.40 a m, arrive Latta 9.01 a m, Dillon 9.18 a m, Rowland 9 31 a m., returning leaves Rowland 4 00 p m, arrives Dillon 4.18 p m, Latta 4.31 p m, Pee Dee 6.53 p m, daily. Latta Branch trains leave Latta 6 40 p m, arrive Cilo 8 05 p m, returning leave Cilo 6.10 a m, arrive Latta 7 50 a m. Daily except Sunday.

Wilmington and Conway Railroad, leave Hub at 5.15 a m, Chadbourn 10.30 a m, arrive Conway 12.35 p m, leave Conway 2 30 p m., Chadbourn 5.35 p m, arrive Hub 5.30 p m, Daily except Sunday.

Che

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

TUESDAY MORNING, SEP. 17, 1895

SPOTS AND FUTURES

The New York Sun's Review of the Cotton Market.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Sept. 16.—The *Sun* says: Cotton declined 13 to 14 points, but rallied and closed 5 to 7 points lower for the day, with the tone steady and the sales 204,600 bales. Liverpool declined 1-32d on the spot with sales of 6,000 bales; futures dropped 4 to 5 points and closed quiet. Manchester was quiet. Cotton goods, though less active, are in fair demand and tending upward. Mill centres report that the production has been reduced five to ten per cent., owing to the small supplies of raw cotton. Prices of some Southern goods are much higher than the opening figures. New Orleans declined 11 to 13 points and then recovered 5 to 7 points of the loss. Augusta declined 1-16c to ⅛c on the spot, and New York, Baltimore and Savannah ⅛c. New Orleans was easy. The receipts there to-morrow is estimated at 3,000 to 3,200, against 4,028 last Tuesday, and 5,654 last year. Houston, it is said, is likely to get 9,900 to-morrow. To-day Houston received 4,884, against 3,940 a week ago, and 8,078 last year. Augusta received 788, against 505 a week ago and 3,298 last year. The port receipts were 16,869, against 8,109 this day last week and 30,629 last year; thus far this week 28,188, against 14,577 thus far last week.

To day's feature: The news from Liverpool was much more bearish than had been expected, and prices here accordingly declined. A break in the stock market and disturbing rumors of one sort or another relating to the financial situation may also have had some effect. But as soon as the pressure of selling orders was over the market rallied quite easily. Much of the weak long interest has been eliminated during the past week largely on stop orders, and many believe that the market is accordingly in a much stronger position than recently. England evidently does not fully credit the unfavorable crop news from this side, and moreover European spinners are carrying much larger supplies than those of a year ago; but many believe that the crop is really short and that when Europe thoroughly understands this, its purchases of American cotton will be materially increased. It is argued, therefore, that while downward reactions from time to time may naturally be expected, the ultimate course of the market will be upward. The weather in Texas and Tennessee continues dry, many unfavorable crop reports are being received, and New England spinners are believed to be carrying small stocks of raw cotton, while they are doing a very fair business at rising prices.

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

Wheat Closed at an Advance Over Saturday's Prices—Corn Unchanged—Pork Products Lower.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, September 16.—The wheat market was in a very disappointing condition at the opening and for quite a while thereafter. The financial problem was one of the leading topics, and every one agreed that in the face of possible monetary troubles it was not policy to buy grain, or for that matter anything else. Right on top of this deduction came the report that a prominent grain failure had taken place in England. This was too much for prices to hold up under, and a decline made at the immediate start was supplemented by a further recession. Along about the middle of the session 'Shorts" deemed it wise to cover up some of their deals, inasmuch as statistics were not altogether to their liking. The object of this buying was to put prices up one cent over closing, the final quotations being fractionally below the outside. December opened 57⅜@57½c; declined to 56⅞c, advanced to 58⅛c, closing at 58¼@58⅝c, over that of Saturday. Cash wheat was easy early, but closed strong.

Corn—The session in corn brought forth nothing that required particular mention or which affected prices to any great degree, either for good or bad. The undertone was not exactly strong, nor did it exhibit any particular weakness. The early decline in wheat had some effect on corn, but the later strength did not assist it materially. May corn opened at 28⅞c, sold between 28¾ and 29@29⅛c, closing at 29c—unchanged from Saturday. Cash corn sold at firm prices, the nominal close being strong.

Oats—The trade in oats was exceedingly lighter. The range of prices was very narrow. The feeling and tone of the leading markets had the usual sympathetic effect on this grain, but operations were of so little consequence that prices moved little. May closed ⅛c under Saturday. Cash oats were firm.

Provisions—The demand for meats, it is said, by no means keeps pace with the supplies, and a new season will soon be inaugurated with much old stock carried over. Taken in connection with this speculative inactivity in other markets, it was hardly to be expected that any strength would exist. The hog market was steady. At the close October pork was 7½c under Saturday, October lard 2½c lower, and October ribs 15c lower. Domestic markets were quiet.

Secretary Hoke Smith yesterday returned to Washington and resumed his duties in the Interior Department after several weeks' absence in Georgia, where he made several speeches in favor of sound money.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, September 16.—Spirits turpentine dull but steady at 27½@28c. Rosin steady quiet and steady; strained common to good $1 45@1 50.

CHARLESTON, September 16.—Spirits turpentine firm at 25c; receipts 57 casks. Rosin firm; good strained $1 10; receipts 378 barrels.

SAVANNAH, September 16.—Spirits turpentine firm at 25¼c for regulars; all offerings taken; receipts 1,237 casks. Rosin firm and unchanged; prices said to be hardening; sales 1,000 barrels.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

A cream of tartar baking powder. Highest of all in leavening strength. —*Latest United States Government Food Report.*

Royal Baking Powder Co., 106 Wall Street, N. Y.

CHINESE OUTRAGES.

OFFICIALS REFUSE TO CARRY OUT SENTENCES IMPOSED.

Two Gunboats Dispatched to Demand Enforcement of Penalties Imposed—Rebellion in the Province of Fo Kien—Troops Sent to Put Down the Insurrection.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

FOO CHOW, Sept. 16.—In consequence of the attitude of obstruction assumed by the Chinese officials toward the progress of the inquiry into the recent outrages at Kucheng and their refusal to carry out the sentences imposed by the examining court upon the ringleaders in the attacks upon the Christian missions at that place, two gunboats have been ordered to ascend the river to demand the enforcement of the penalties imposed.

A rebellion has begun in the province of Fo-Kien and the local officials instead of attempting to suppress the rising have fled. A force of imperial troops are on their way to the scene to try to put down the insurrection.

WASHINGTON, September 16.—The State Department is without advices regarding the alleged latest phase of the Chinese situation in regard to the refusal of the Chinese Government to execute any of the men convicted of being participants in the missionary massacre unless they are assured that with the execution of these men all other demands will cease. According to the latest information of the Department, the Kucheng commission was at work with its labors uncompleted, and the investigation had not been begun. No dispatches have been received from Minister Denby, but they are expected this week and are awaited with interest.

The chief interest attaching in Washington to the dispatch from Foo Chow that a rebellion had begun in the province of Fo Kien is as to the fate which awaits the American and European missionaries in that province, should any still remain in the vicinity of Kucheng. Reports reached here through diplomatic and private sources several weeks ago that the missionaries, after the recent massacres in the interior of the province, had, with their families, sought refuge at Foo Chow, which is near the coast, and where the presence of foreign men-of-war makes them safe from further violence.

If they have remained at Foo Chow, or rather at Pagoda anchorage, which is a foreign settlement, only a few miles removed, no danger could happen to them. If, however, in their zeal to begin again their work of Christianizing the natives they have returned to the interior of the province, the gravest apprehensions will be felt for their safety unless they receive the protection of European or American forces.

It is surmised that the rebellion is the work of the "Vegetarians," who were responsible for the assaults some weeks ago upon the foreign missions. Until that time, little, if anything, was known in this country of this society beyond the fact that it was a secret organization. It now appears that they have adopted the name "Vegetarian" in order to give their society a religious character, inasmuch as the Buddhists do not practice the eating of meat, but live wholly upon a vegetable diet and thus make vegetarianism an article of the Buddhists' faith. Chinese diplomats say the ranks of this sect are recruited chiefly from elements corresponding to the "Hoodlums" in this country.

THE DURRANT TRIAL.

Damaging Evidence Against the Defendant—Three Witnesses on the Stand.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SAN FRANCISCO, September 16.—The evidence against Durrant to-day was the most damaging yet introduced. There were but three witnesses on the stand, but they identified him as the man who took the girl from the Powell street normal school and saw him alight from a car with her near the church. Cross-examination did not shake them. The first witness was Miss May Janigan, one of the three girls who left the school with Miss Lamont and a few minutes later saw her on a car going in the direction of the church. The witnesses positively identified the man with Miss Lamont as Durrant.

Mrs. Mary Vogel, who lives opposite the school house, identified Durrant as a man she had seen waiting outside before the class to which Miss Lamont belonged was dismissed, that afternoon. She paid particular attention to him, as she had considerable money in the house, and his suspicious actions led her to believe he was a burglar. She saw him meet the young lady and watched them get on the car together. Mrs. Vogel's testimony corroborated that of Miss Edwards, another of the school girl witnesses, in every particular. She identified Durrant first by a newspaper portrait and afterwards when she saw him in court in the early part of the trial. To-day when asked to point him out she walked to within a few feet of Durrant and said impressively: "That is the man." Durrant was unmoved during this scene, but the weight of the testimony introduced to-day as a whole told on his splendid nerve.

The last witness of the day was Mrs. Elizabeth L. Crossett. She was 71 years old, but apparently of unimpaired faculty. Her statement on the stand was that she left her home in the northern part of the city to dine with her granddaughter in the mission, where the Emanuel Church is located. It was 3.20 when she left home, and some twenty minutes later she boarded a car, by transferring of which she says she saw Durrant riding with a young lady whom she did not know. Durrant was outside on the dummy, and Mrs. Crossett was on a seat opposite on the inside. It was seven blocks from the point where she got on to that where Durrant and the young lady alighted, and en route Mrs. Crossett had ample opportunity to take notice of Durrant. This, she says, she did, beyond all possibility of mistake. She observed them when they alighted, and thought the girl's hat was somewhat lighter than that shown in Court. Her description of the girl who was with Durrant was meagre. So far as it went, it tallied well with that of Miss Lamont.

On cross-examination Durrant's attorneys attacked the old lady on her mentality and subjected her to cross-examination, which was so vigorous that the Court interposed to protect the witness. Her memory was tested and it was found to be so good that she could readily give a list of homœopathic remedies which she from time to time had taken. She said she had known Durrant about four years and had seen him as much as five times a month at the home of her son. Durrant was very intimate with her grandson. The defence claims that Mrs Crossett saw Durrant infrequently and that she did not know him well enough to speak to him when she met him. Mrs. Crossett is sure of her dates as on the day she met Durrant she had an appointment which fixed it on her mind, and on the day following she left the city on a six weeks' visit. The prosecution expects to finish its direct case this week.

Fire at Union City, Tenn., Sunday night caused a loss of $50,000.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

Secretary Carlisle Declines a Tender of Light Weight Gold—Treasury Reserve—Secretary Olney's Return to Duty—A New Government Issue Not Probable—Many Offers to Supply the Treasury with Gold.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 16.—Secretary Carlisle to day declined to accept the tender of $100,000 in gold from the associated banks of Springfield, Ill., as the conditions imposed were unfavorable to the Government. This particular lot of gold is said to have been light.

The true Treasury gold reserve stood at the close of business to-day at $95,848,543, the lowest point reached since the last bond issue raised the reserve above the $100,000,000 mark.

Secretary Olney resumed his desk at the State Department this morning and spent all his time in conference with his assistants. Acting Secretary Adee explained all the details of the Mora case to Mr. Olney, and transferred the whole subject to him. Just what course will be followed in collecting the draft has not been fully determined, and upon this subject Mr. Olney declines to talk. The Secretary also had a long conference with Chief Faison, of the Consular Bureau, who is said to be slated for the Solicitorship of the Department, made vacant by the resignation of Mr. Dabney. Secretary Olney, it is now said, will remain in charge of the department without further absence, with the exception of a few days, during which he will return to Falmouth for his family, and a possible trip to Chattanooga to witness the dedication of the Chickamauga National Park.

NEW YORK, September 16.—Assistant Treasurer Conrad Jordan says in relation to a new government loan:

"I have not had any conference or joined in any discussion about a government bond issue with Mr. Curtis or any one else except in an informal and gossipy way. A great many well-informed financiers, including, I believe, Mr. J. Pierpont Morgan, do not consider a new government bond issue desirable at the present time at all events." Mr. Curtis is expected to arrive in this city to-day.

Many offers to supply the Treasury with gold in small quantities from $5,000 to $100,000 have been received and all the offers considered favorable to the Government have been accepted. Several offers have been declined. One of these was from a Louisville, Ky., bank, which desired the gold they offered to be accepted at its face value. Two other offers, where the banks wanted the Treasury to pay the express charges on the gold and currency both ways, were also rejected. All offers of gold within the limit of tolerance, in exchange for currency, forwardable at Government contract rates, have been and will continue to be accepted by the Treasury as long as this special concession is continued in force. Several offers of "light-weight" gold have been declined. These lots of light-weight gold always make their appearance on occasions such as the present, but so far the Treasury has not been caught in the trap.

The case of the South Carolina postmaster charged with conspiracy to defraud the postal revenues has found its way to the Supreme Court of the United State, Chas. P. Barrett having appealed from the judgment of Judge Simonton, of the U. S. District Court, sentencing him to the Columbus, Ohio, penitentiary, in accordance with the verdict of the jury, for a term of eighteen months. The offence charged against Barrett was that he conspired with other postmasters to enable them to add to their compensation by reporting increased sales of stamps, etc., purporting to have been cancelled at their respective offices, but which were in fact delivered to Barrett and disposed of by him.

BASE BALL.

The Record of the Games Played Yesterday.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

Washington—Washington, 16; Brooklyn, 12. Second game—Washington, 8; Brooklyn, 10.

New York—New York, 5; Philadelphia, 9.

Boston—Boston, 4; Baltimore, 7.

Cleveland—Cleveland, 7; Cincinnati, 1.

Pittsburg—Pittsburg-Chicago game postponed on account of rain.

Louisville—Louisville-St. Louis game postponed on account of rain.

Lynchburg—Lynchburg, 8; Richmond, 1.

Washington—President Young of the National League and President Byrne of the Brooklyns, who were appointed custodians of the "Temple Cup," to-day gave out the rules and regulations to govern the contest for the cup.

The club finishing second in the championship series shall have the right to challenge the club winning the championship to a series of games for the possession of the "Temple Cup." If the club finishing first fails to accept the challenge, then the third club shall have the right to challenge the second club. If the club finishing second declines to make the challenge, then the third club shall have the right to do so.

The series is to consist of seven games. Three games must be played upon the grounds of the challenged club and three on the grounds of the challenging club (if six games are necessary), and the seventh game (if such must be played to decide the series) on such grounds as may be mutually agreed upon by the two club. In case they cannot agree, the committee reserves the right to designate the grounds for the playing of such odd game, and in the event of either club failing to appear at the time and place designated, the club at fault shall forfeit the game. The series is to terminate when either club shall have won four games. The champion club is to have the right, if it so elects, to have the first three games played on its own grounds. All games to be played as scheduled.

BICYCLE RACE.

The Diamond Meet in Charlotte Yesterday.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., Sept. 16.—The diamond meet of the Charlotte Cycle Club came off to-day. Schade, of Henderson, Va., while severely bruised up by a fall on the Greenwood, S. C., track, ran spiritedly and won the two-mile handicap, in which Adams, of Jacksonville, pushed him hard.

Adams had perhaps the best chance of winning, but on the eighth lap slackened a little, thinking the race finished at this end of the seventh round. Schade got about two lengths ahead of him, and Adams could not overcome the distance when he discovered his mistake, but he was hardly a length behind at the finish.

The second race, one mile open, was won by Schade, Adams second. The time was 2.37½, and was declared no race, not being up to the 2.30 limit. It was not run over again, however, as Adams and Maxwell refused to run again, and it went to Schade by default.

The other races were not interesting. There was too great a handicap in the half-mile open. It was won by Smith, an inferior local rider.

One million dollars in gold were yesterday withdrawn from the sub-Treasury at New York for shipment to Europe to-day.

The Modern Beauty

Thrives on good food and sunshine, with plenty of exercise in the open air. Her form glows with health and her face blooms with its beauty. If her system needs the cleansing action of a laxative remedy, she uses the gentle and pleasant liquid laxative Syrup of Figs.

CAN CURE ASTHMA AND HAY FEVER.

A Noted Physician Offers to Prove this to All Sufferers in Wilmington on Thursday.

The majority of sufferers from Asthma and kindred complaints, after trying Doctors and numberless Remedies advertised as positive cures without avail, have come to the conclusion that there is no cure for this most distressing disease, and these same persons will be the more in doubt and skeptical when they learn through the columns of the press that Dr. Rudolph Schiffmann, the recognized authority who has treated more cases of these diseases than any living Doctor, has achieved success by perfecting a remedy which not only gives immediate relief in the worst cases but has positively cured thousands of sufferers who were considered incurable. These were just as skeptical as some of our readers now are. Dr. Schiffmann's remedy no doubt possesses the merit which is claimed for it or he would not authorize this paper to announce that he is not only willing to give free to each person suffering from Asthma, Hay-Fever, Phthisic, or Bronchitis in this city one free liberal trial box of his Cure, but urgently requests all sufferers to call at Rob't. R. Bellamy's Drug Store, corner Front and Market streets, from 8 a. m. till 6 p. m. Thursday, September 19th, and receive a package absolutely free of charge, knowing that in making the claim he does for his Cure, a strong doubt may arise in the minds of many, and that a personal test, as he offers to all, will be more convincing, and prove its merits, than the publishing of thousands of testimonials from persons who have been permanently cured by the use of his Asthma Cure. "Dr. Schiffmann's Asthma Cure," as it called, has been sold by Druggists of this city ever since it was first introduced, although many persons may never have heard of it, and it is with a view to reaching these that he makes this offer. This is certainly a most generous and fair offer, and all who are suffering from any of the above complaints should remember the date and place where the distribution will be made and avail themselves of the same. Persons living out of this city who desire to test the efficiency of this most wonderful remedy will receive a package free by mail by writing to Dr. R. Schiffmann, 315 Rosabell street, St. Paul, Minn., providing their letter is received before September 30th, as no free samples can be obtained after that date.

FIVE PERSONS KILLED

By a Train on the Southern Railroad, Near Lynchburg.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

LYNCHBURG, VA., Sept. 16.—Train No. 35, fast mail, from Washington to Atlanta, ran into a wagon containing six people, at Lawyers, a station twelve miles south of this city, this evening. It is said that five of the six persons were killed, and it is likely the other one will die. This train does not stop at Lawyers and was probably going at full speed.

LATER.—Particulars of the wreck to be obtained here are very meagre The man killed is supposed to have been Joseph Callahan, living near Rustburg, Campbell county. Two women and two children were in the vehicle with him. All were killed, as was also the horse. It is said Callahan was warned not to cross the track, as the train was running very rapidly, but would not heed the warning.

COLD WAVE.

Severe Frosts Damage Tobacco and Other Growing Crops.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CASTILE, N. Y., Sept. 16.—A heavy frost Saturday night ruined the garden truck and other farm crops. Potato vines are lying on the ground entirely killed. Many farmers were at work cutting their corn Saturday.

BINGHAMPTON, N. Y., Sept. 16.—There was a severe frost in this vicinity Saturday night and Sunday morning. Grapes and late vegetables suffered severely.

LANCASTER, PA., Sept. 16.—Reports from the rural districts show that the frost on Saturday and Sunday nights did a great damage to the growing tobacco, a large portion of which is still in the field.

I. O. O. F.

Sovereign Grand Lodge in Session at Atlantic City.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Sept. 16.—Sovereign Grand Lodge Independent Order of Odd Fellows convened this morning, this being the 71st annual session of the grand body. The session will last all the week. Representatives from every section of the country commenced to arrive here on Saturday and Sunday and another great influx came in to day. All the States are represented.

WARM WIRELETS.

United States Minister to Mexico, Hon. M. W. Ransom, passed through San Antonio, Tex., yesterday en route to Mexico City.

The Detroit Methodist Episcopal Conference to-day decided by a vote of 185 to 9 to adopt the Baltimore plan, favoring the admission of women delegates to the general conference of the church.

W. K. Vanderbilt sailed from Newport yesterday on his yacht Valiant. Before going, he not only denied the purchase of the Defender from the other members of the syndicate, but also that he had any such idea.

KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and $1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

VALKYRIE-DEFENDER.

Rumors of More Races Between the American and Scottish Yachts.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEWPORT, R. I., September 16.—The steam yacht Coaqueror left the harbor quite unexpectedly to-night on some unknown errand. Shortly before 9 o'clock, when the stores were all closed, the crew were bustling about the streets for supplies, and at 9.30 F. W. Vanderbilt's carriage drove down to the yacht club, from which alighted Mr. Vanderbilt and H. Maitland Kersey. They at once boarded the Conquerer's steam launch, which shoved off. Soon the Conquerer herself got under way and proceeded westward. Rumor has it that while Dunraven remains here these two gentlemen will endeavor to arrange more racing with the Defender, as Dunraven is accredited with being quite disgusted with his present standing with the American people.

LONDON, September 16.—The *Daily News* will to-morrow say: The Valkyrie's departure under the present circumstances may leave a bad feeling between the two countries that will take long to heal. Lord Dunraven owes much to himself and the country he represents; he owes more to the American committee which has treated him throughout with studied courtesy. We hope he will arrange a race which will settle the question as to which is the better yacht.

Gov. Carr is advised of the escape of five murderers from jail at Madison, N. C., and offers rewards for their recapture. The men are George Hensly, Rodney Shelton, James Shelton, Nineveigh Gosnell and Newsom Mace, and all are white. The State had been at considerable expense to secure the arrest of Hensley, who is a noted criminal.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

Notices For Rent or Sale, Lost and Found Wants, and other short miscellaneous advertisements inserted in this Department, in leaded Nonpareil type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms, positively cash in advance.

For Sale—Four high class pedigreed Llewellen English Setter Puppies, cheap for cash. C. F. Joyce, 1601 Market street. sep 17 2t

Men and women to make big money with the Practical Plating Dynamo. Is the electrical machine used in the great plating factories. $65.00 to $85.00 a week made easy. Plates everything. No experience; big profits. Address W. P. Harrison & Co., Clerk No. 14, Columbus, Ohio. sep 17 tf

For Rent—From October 1st, that desirable residence, No. 406 Walnut street, next to corner of Fourth, containing 10 rooms, bath room, gas, &c. also two nice rooms and kitchen on first floor in house 318 North Fourth street; possession given immediately. Apply to J. F. Kulis, corner Fourth and Walnut streets. sept 15 2t

Do you speculate? "Guide to Successful Speculation" mailed free. Wheat, provision, cotton and stock speculation on limited margins thoroughly explained. Correspondence solicited. Warren, Ford & Co., Liberty Building, New York. sept 15 1t

Notice—The public may not understand the meaning of Craft's hand-bills, but if you will call at his Furniture Store everything will be explained to your satisfaction. His stock of Furniture must be sold at some price to make room for the new Shoe Store of W. C. VonGlahn. Craft, 30 South Front street. sep 10 tf

Tobacco and Cigars—I am retailing Tobacco at 18c per pound and giving three cigars for 5c. I also have the best quality in higher grades of both. Our six for a quarter Cigars can't be beat. Neill McKinnon, Wholesale and Retail Grocer, No. 3 South Water street, Wilmington, N. C. cfl

For Rent—Two Stores in Sampson building on North Water street, between Princess and Chestnut streets. Apply to D. O'Connor. se 6 tf

For Rent—The Neff Store on South Water street, between Market and Dock. Apply to D. O'Connor. sep 6 tf

Beer on draught and any drink known to American or French Saloonists. Free lunch from eleven a. m. until one o'clock and from five to seven o'clock p. m., at A. P. Levy's French Cafe, Princess street. sep 5 tf

Frank McNeill, Attorney at Law. Office in the Smith building up-stairs, Princess street, Wilmington, N. C. Will practice in this, Richmond, Robeson and adjoining counties. aug 29 tf

The celebrated pale Kyflhauser Beer! Sold only by F. Richter, Wilmington, N. C.

WILMINGTON Intelligence Bureau, Wilmington, N. C. Still in the lead for servants. Want one girl, White, German preferred, who will work for $8 per month, where she will have a home. R. B. Reardon, Prop. jy 7 tf

Photographs.—U. C. Ellis, at No. 114 Market street, for the latest style, best quality, finest finished and lowest-priced Photographs—$1.00 per dozen. U. C. ELLIS. cfl

Baskets, Vegetable Baskets for the shipment of Peas, Beans, Cucumbers, etc. For sale at Jno. S. McEachern's Grain and Feed Store 211 Market street. cfl

Hayden, F. H., has in stock buggies, road Carts and harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skillful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House cfl

HOW'S THIS?

Suits to Order FROM $15.00 UP

Not a READY MADE suit, but CUSTOM MADE. Fit Guaranteed. Over 500 samples to select from. Fall and Winter Styles now ready for your inspection.

READY-MADE CLOTHING.

To this Department we pay special attention. Our stock is equal to any in the city. We make a big run on Business Suits. Don't buy yours until you have seen our line. Mens', Boys' and Children's Clothing at all prices. Give us a call.

Yours etc.,

J. H. REHDER & CO.

'Phone 118 Fourth Street Bridge.

Largest Department Store in the city. Will tell you of some things we have in Dry Goods in our next ad. Watch for it. sept 15 tf

Smoke Liberty Cigar. Bell

THE LEADING FIVE CENT CIGAR IN THE CITY.

50,000 Cigars All Grades.

Large Stock Tobacco AT LOW FIGURES.

SAMUEL REAR, Sr., sep 1 tf 12 Market St.

New Catch MULLETS.

Put Up in Nice New Packages.

Send in your orders.

HALL & PEARSALL,

Nutt and Mulberry streets.

sep 6 DAW tf

GREAT INDUCEMENTS —FOR— SUITS MADE TO ORDER

We Will Deduct $5.00

From our regular price and 5 per cent. extra

For Spot Cash

DURING THE

Month of September.

We do this to keep our hands busy. We give you the best goods, the best trimmings, the best workmanship.

JUST RECEIVED

THE NEWEST AND LATEST STYLES OF

Foreign and Domestic Goods.

Call and see us, we will astonish you as to our styles and prices.

IN OUR READY-MADE DEPARTMENT we have a full line of

Men's, Boys' and Children's Suits,

which we are selling at remarkably LOW PRICES.

A. DAVID & Co., Clothing Outfitters, sep 15 tf

A War is Imminent in the South.

A Royal Feast the Bakers had,
And toasts were spoken faster, louder,
Till all by one consent hurrahed
For Dozier & Lee's Baking Powder.

"P. Cox" spread his spangled tail
"Good-luck" his horse-shoe hung on high,
"One Spoon" dipped in his little pail,
While "Sea-Foam's praise was sung too high,
Old "Horseford" trotted in his horse,
"Patapsco" tapped his big drum louder,
While "Royal" bad to bow, of course,
To Dozier & Lee's Baking Powder.

Sold at wholesale by Dozier & Lee, and by the retail trade generally. Weight one pound, and quality guaranteed, and a silver spoon given away with each box for 10 cents.

Hey diddle, diddle, the cat and the fiddle,
The cow jumped over the moon,
And while in the air, a notion quite queer,
Occurred to her cowship, and soon,
While she was descending, the eagle ascending,
His feathers a shining like silk,
She said Mr. Bird, who has ever heard
Of an eagle bird giving good milk?
Upon him she pounced, his eagle-ship flounced,
But she kicked the poor bird without mercy,
And made him admit that he hadn't the grit
To keep up a fight with the Jersey.

Jersey Milk beats Eagle Brand and is sold for just one half the price by Dozier & Lee. Try it and if not satisfied return it and get your money back. 10c per can. aug 18 tf

GRAND OPENING

And Removal of Wilmington's Big Racket Store.

We have moved our stock of goods from 117 South Front street, opposite the Market House to 113 North Front street opposite the Orton House, in the store the Bear Bros. did a wholesale dry goods business in.

We now have the handsomest and largest store in the city—three floors—covering 15,000 square feet of floor room, with a nice new electric elevator to carry you to the top floor in half a minutes. On the first floor we have Dress Goods of all styles, Velvet and Trimmings, Shoes and Boots and heavy domestic goods. This floor is 25 feet wide and 113 feet long. On the second floor we carry Wholesale and Retail Millinery, Hats for ladies. Ribbons and Feathers, Heavy Piece Goods for men and boys; Cloaks and Caps for women and children. This floor is 50 feet wide and 113 feet long. On the third floor we carry Carpets, Rugs, Oil Cloths, Matting, Shades Trunks, Valises, Grips and Bags, and Wholesale Department in Hosiery, Underwear, Notions and Clothing. We have the largest stock in the city and can save you money on every article that you buy from us. Our stock of goods is worth $50,000 and the biggest portion of it was bought under the hammer of the Sheriff.

We are at 113 North Front street, opposite the Orton House.

Braddy & Gaylord, Prop. of Wilmington's big Racket Store. sep 15 tf

Notice of Removal.

I HAVE REMOVED MY DRUG BUSINESS to the S. W. corner of Seventh and Red Cross streets, where I will be glad to serve you.

Fraternally yours, WM. NIESTLIE. sept 8 tf

FALL DRESS GOODS.

We have received two hundred pieces NEW GOODS. They are fresh from the looms and represent the most attractive lines in the market. We are adding new lines every day, determined to give the people of Wilmington the latest novelties produced.

Young Ladies

That are going to school will find the largest line of NEW GOODS in the city on our counters, and they can select their Fall Dresses before their departure.

A Few New Arrivals.

Wool and Mohair Suitings.

This textile is an admixture of Mohair and Wool in solid and mixed colors, 60c per yard.

Wool and Raw Silk,

Figured with Black Arabasques, which tone down the color medleys in the ground work, the latter being a mixture of Silk and Wool, 45c per yard.

Plaid Serges.

We have twenty-five different patterns with combinations of Bluet and Gold, Green and Heliotrope, Reseda and Old Rose, Olive Green and Brown, Gold and Blue, Golden Brown and Blue Black, Sky Blue and Brown, 60 and 75c per yard.

Black and Blue Sponge Serge,

The best material for Skirts, 85c per yard.

Fancy Mohair Suitings

85 cents per yard.

Cravanette

In Black and Blue, 60-inch in width, $1.50 per yard.

Silician Mohairs

Are durable and pretty. They appear in seasonable weights in twills and other neat effects at $1.25 per yard.

Fancy Figured Black Mohairs

At 50 cents per yard.

Plaid Flannel Suitings

For Children's Cloaks 37½c a yard.

Plaids, Silk Finished,

Exclusive patterns, with combinations of Brown and Blue, Black and Red, Green and Yellow, Green and Black, Blue and Black, Magenta and Brown, only $1.00 per yard.

A. D. BROWN,

Successor to BROWN & RODDICK

No. 29 North Front St. sep 15 tf

1 3-4 lb., 2 lb. and 2 1-4 lb.

Bagging.

New Arrow Ties,

August and September DELIVERY AT LOWEST PRICES

Get our prices before buying.

WORTH & WORTH. Wholesale Grocers. july 27 tf

MINERAL WATERS

ON DRAUGHT,

And by the Bottle or Gallon.

Harriss Lithia Water.

Barium Springs Water.
Panacea Springs Water.
Aoland Springs Water.
Fonticello Lithia Water.

Bottled Waters.

Villacabras—Saratoga Vichy.
Thompson's Bromide Arsenic.
Appolinaris—Carlsbad Sprudel.
Hunyadi Janos.
Rubinat Condal—Londonderry Lithia; Congress; Bethesda Hawthorn and others.

For Sale at

Bunting's Pharmacy

jy 21 tf Y. M. C. A. Building, Wilmington.

Mullets, Mullets.

JUST IN LARGE CONSIGNMENT NEW catch Mullets. Also Flour, Sugar, Coffee, Rice, Baking Powders, &c. Specialties—Cheese, Cakes, Crackers, Smoked Herrings, &c. Prices cheerfully given. R. F. REID. aug 20 tf 130 North Front street.

Schools and Colleges.

ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA, Charlottesville, Va.

Elective course leading to the B. S. degree in Civil, Mining, Mechanical Engineering. Chemistry, Natural History, and Law. Well equipped laboratories of Physics, Mechanics, Chemistry and Biology; Astronomical Observatory, Natural History Museum. For catalogues, address WM. M. THORNTON, LL. D., Chairman. aug 20 13t su th ss

William and Mary College, Williamsburg, Va.

BOARD FROM $13 TO $15 PER MONTH. Tuition fee for half session $17 50. Medical fee $3. Students willing to teach two years in the public schools pay only the Medical fee and are charged $10 per month for board, fuel, light and washing. Full collegiate course next session begins October 3rd, 1895. Send for Catalogue. LYON G. TYLER, M. A., LL. D., July 26 2m fri tu President.

Cape Fear Academy.

23RD SESSION OPENS SEPTEMBER 16 h. Full course for Business or College. Capable and proficient male teachers. Certificates of school admits pupils to N. C. University. For catalogue &c., apply to W. CATLETT, sep 1 1m 120 N. Fifth St

PEACE Institute for Young Ladies

RALEIGH, N. C.

It is the best. Board, tuition, one music and two hours practice for $175 a year.

JAS. DINWIDDIE, M. A., Principal. je 22 3m

J. W. NORWOOD, President. W. J. TOOMER, Cashier.

W. C. COKER, Jr., Ass't Cashier.

Atlantic National Bank,

Wilmington, N. C.

Liberal Loans Made on Approved Security at Lowest Rates.

NO INTEREST PAID ON DEPOSITS.

All Cash Collections remitted for on day of receipt. Accounts of individuals, firms, banks and other corporations solicited. Promptness, accuracy and safety guaranteed.

	July 13, 1893.	July 11, 1894.	July 11, 1895.
Surplus and Net Profits..	$15,968	$20,049	$47,113
Premiums on U. S. Bonds.	4,140	None.	None
Banking House, &c.....	15,000	15,000	13,500
Deposits.....	323,000	470,000	510,000

Dividends paid past two years, 6 per cent. per annum.

Last installment of capital paid in October, 1892. aug 11 tf

For Lady Bicyclers.

We have just received a handsome lot of

Canvas Leggings

in Pearl and Tan colors for Ladies.

Something New

and what every lady who has a Bicycle should have.

Price 75 Cents.

Geo. R. French & Sons. aug 25 tf

Everybody Who Wears SHOES

WILL DO WELL TO CALL ON

MERCER & EVANS,

at the Old Stand of H. C. Evans, on Princess street, before purchasing elsewhere. We have some EXCELLENT BARGAINS always on hand, which it will pay you to see.

Call early and often on

Mercer & Evans, aug 18 tf 115 Princess St.

Frank H Stedman, Jas. S. Worth.

Stedman & Worth.

INSURANCE.

Fire and Life.

Office at Banking House of the Wilmington Savings and Trust Company jan 25 tf

LOUIS H. MYERS, CHAS. R. LEWIS

Myers & Lewis,

No. 8 SOUTH FRONT ST.

HEADQUARTERS FOR

School, Office and Typewriter Supplies.

Rubber Stamps and Engraving. sep 1 tf

For Rent.

THE HOUSE NOW OCCUPIED by Mr. John Hear, South side of Market street between Ninth and Tenth. Seven rooms with modern improvements. Apply to D. O'CONNOR, aug 12 tf Real Estate Agent.